

Table – 3: Course of study for M. Pharm. (Industrial Pharmacy)

Course Code	Course	Credit Hours	Credit Points	Hrs./week	Marks
Semester I					
MIP101T	Modern Pharmaceutical Analytical Techniques	4	4	4	100
MIP102T	Pharmaceutical Formulation Development	4	4	4	100
MIP103T	Novel drug delivery systems	4	4	4	100
MIP104T	Intellectual Property Rights	4	4	4	100
MIP105P	Industrial Pharmacy Practical I	12	6	12	150
-	Seminar/Assignment	7	4	7	100
Total		35	26	35	650
Semester II					
MIP201T	Advanced Biopharmaceutics and Pharmacokinetics	4	4	4	100
MIP202T	Scale up and Technology Transfer	4	4	4	100
MIP203T	Pharmaceutical Production Technology	4	4	4	100
MIP204T	Entrepreneurship Management	4	4	4	100
MIP205P	Industrial Pharmacy Practical II	12	6	12	150
-	Seminar/Assignment	7	4	7	100
Total		35	26	35	650

Tables – 17: Schemes for internal assessments and end semester examinations (Industrial Pharmacy- MIP)

Course Code	Course	Internal Assessment			End Semester Exams			Total Marks
		Continuou s Mode	Sessional Exams		Total	Marks	Duration	
			Marks	Duration				
SEMESTER I								
MIP101T	Modern Pharmaceutical Analytical Techniques	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
MIP102T	Pharmaceutical Formulation Development	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
MIP103T	Novel drug delivery systems	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
MIP104T	Intellectual Property Rights	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
MIP105P	Industrial Pharmacy Practical I	20	30	6 Hrs	50	100	6 Hrs	150
-	Seminar /Assignment	-	-	-	-	-	-	100
Total								650
SEMESTER II								
MIP201T	Advanced Biopharmaceutics and Pharmacokinetics	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
MIP202T	Scale up and Technology Transfer	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
MIP203T	Pharmaceutical Production Technology	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
MIP204T	Entrepreneurs hip Management	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100

MIP205P	Industrial Pharmacy Practical II	20	30	6 Hrs	50	100	6 Hrs	150
-	Seminar /Assignment	-	-	-	-	-	-	100
Total								650
Tables – 18: Schemes for internal assessments and end semester examinations (Pharmaceutical Chemistry-MPC)								
Course Code	Course	Internal Assessment				End Semester Exams		Total Marks
		Continuos Mode	Sessional Exams		Total	Marks	Duration	
			Marks	Duration				
SEMESTER I								
MPC101T	Modern Pharmaceutical Analytical Techniques	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
MPC102T	Advanced Organic Chemistry -I	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
MPC103T	Advanced Medicinal chemistry	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
MPC104T	Chemistry of Natural Products	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
MPC105P	Pharmaceutical Chemistry Practical I	20	30	6 Hrs	50	100	6 Hrs	150
-	Seminar /Assignment	-	-	-	-	-	-	100
Total								650
SEMESTER II								
MPC201T	Advanced Spectral Analysis	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
Advanced							3	

MPC202T	Organic Chemistry -II	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	Hrs	100
MPC203T	Computer Aided Drug Design	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
MPC204T	Pharmaceutical Process Chemistry	10	15	1 Hr	25	75	3 Hrs	100
MPC205P	Pharmaceutical	20	30	6 Hrs	50	100	6	150
	al Chemistry Practical II						Hrs	
-	Seminar /Assignment	-	-	-	-	-	-	100
	Total							650

INDUSTRIAL PHARMACY (MIP) MODERN PHARMACEUTICAL ANALYTICAL TECHNIQUES (MIP 101T)

Scope

This subject deals with various advanced analytical instrumental techniques for identification, characterization and quantification of drugs. Instruments dealt are NMR, Mass spectrometer, IR, HPLC, GC etc.

Objectives

After completion of course student is able to know,

The analysis of various drugs in single and combination dosage forms Theoretical and practical skills of the instruments

THEORY

60 HOURS

- 1. UV-Visible spectroscopy: Introduction, Theory, Laws, 11 Instrumentation associated with UV-Visible spectroscopy, Choice Hrs of solvents and solvent effect and Applications of UV-Visible spectroscopy.**

IR spectroscopy: Theory, Modes of Molecular vibrations, Sample handling, Instrumentation of Dispersive and Fourier - Transform IR Spectrometer, Factors affecting vibrational frequencies and Applications of IR spectroscopy

Spectrofluorimetry: Theory of Fluorescence, Factors affecting fluorescence, Quenchers, Instrumentation and Applications of fluorescence spectrophotometer.

Flame emission spectroscopy and Atomic absorption spectroscopy: Principle, Instrumentation, Interferences and Applications.

- 2 NMR spectroscopy: Quantum numbers and their role in NMR, 11 Principle, Instrumentation, Solvent requirement in NMR, Hrs Relaxation process, NMR signals in various compounds, Chemical shift, Factors influencing chemical shift, Spin-Spin coupling, Coupling constant, Nuclear magnetic double resonance, Brief outline of principles of FT-NMR and ¹³C NMR. Applications of NMR spectroscopy.**

- 3 **Mass Spectroscopy: Principle, Theory, Instrumentation of Mass Spectroscopy, Different types of ionization like electron impact, chemical, field, FAB and MALDI, APCI, ESI, APPI Analyzers of Quadrupole and Time of Flight, Mass fragmentation and its rules, Meta stable ions, Isotopic peaks and Applications of Mass spectroscopy** 11 Hrs
- 4 **Chromatography: Principle, apparatus, instrumentation, 11 chromatographic parameters, factors affecting resolution and Hrs applications of the following:**
 a) Paper chromatography b) Thin Layer chromatography
 c) Ion exchange chromatography d) Column chromatography
 e) Gas chromatography f) High Performance Liquid chromatography
 g) Affinity chromatography
- 5 **Electrophoresis: Principle, Instrumentation, Working conditions, factors affecting separation and applications of the following:** 11 Hrs
 a) Paper electrophoresis b) Gel electrophoresis c) Capillary electrophoresis d) Zone electrophoresis e) Moving boundary electrophoresis f) Iso electric focusing
- X ray Crystallography: Production of X rays, Different X ray methods, Bragg's law, Rotating crystal technique, X ray powder technique, Types of crystals and applications of X-ray diffraction.**
6. **Immunological Assays: Radioimmunity assay (RIA), ELISA (Theory & practical) and knowledge on Bioluminescence assays.** 5 Hrs

REFERENCES

1. **Spectrometric Identification of Organic compounds - Robert M Silverstein, 6th edition, John Wiley & Sons, 2004.**
2. **Principles of Instrumental Analysis - Doglas A Skoog, F. James Holler, Timothy A. Nieman, 5th edition, Eastern press, Bangalore, 1998.**
3. **Instrumental methods of analysis – Willards, 7th edition, CBS publishers,**
4. **Practical Pharmaceutical Chemistry – Beckett and Stenlake, Vol II, 4th edition, CBS Publishers, New Delhi, 1997.**
5. **Organic Spectroscopy - William Kemp, 3rd edition, ELBS, 1991.**
6. **Quantitative Analysis of Drugs in Pharmaceutical formulation - P D Sethi, 3rd Edition, CBS Publishers, New Delhi, 1997.**
7. **Pharmaceutical Analysis- Modern methods – Part B - J W Munson, Volume 11, Marcel Dekker Series**

PHARMACEUTICAL FORMULATION DEVELOPMENT (MIP 102T)

Scope

This course is designed to impart knowledge and skills necessary to train the students on par with the routine of Industrial activities in R&D and F&D.

Objectives

On completion of this course it is expected that students will be able to understand-

The scheduled activities in a Pharmaceutical firm.

The pre formulation studies of pilot batches of pharmaceutical industry. The significance of dissolution and product stability

THEORY

60 Hrs

1. **Preformulation Studies: Molecular optimization of APIs (drug 12 substances), crystal morphology and variations, powder flow, Hrs structure modification, drug-excipient compatibility studies, methods of determination.**

2. **Formulation Additives: Study of different formulation additives, 12 factors influencing their incorporation, role of formulation Hrs development and processing, new developments in excipient science. Design of experiments – factorial design for product and process development.**

3. **Solubility: Importance, experimental determination, phase- 12 solubility analysis, pH-solubility profile, solubility techniques to Hrs improve solubility and utilization of analytical methods – cosolvency, salt formation, complexation, solid dispersion, micellar solubilization and hydrotrophy.**

4. **Dissolution: Theories, mechanisms of dissolution, in-vitro 12 dissolution testing models – sink and non-sink. Factors Hrs influencing dissolution and intrinsic dissolution studies. Dissolution test apparatus – designs, dissolution testing for conventional and controlled release products. Data handling and correction factor. Biorelevant media, in-vitro and in-vivo correlations, levels of correlations.**

- 5 **Product Stability: Degradation kinetics, mechanisms, stability 12 testing of drugs and pharmaceuticals, factors influencing-media Hrs effects and pH effects, accelerated stability studies, interpretation of kinetic data (API & tablets). Solid state stability and shelf life assignment. Stability protocols, reports and ICH guidelines.**

REFERENCES

1. Lachman L, Lieberman HA, Kanig JL. The Theory and Practice Of Industrial Pharmacy, 3rd ed., Varghese Publishers, Mumbai 1991. th
2. Sinko PJ. Martin's physical pharmacy and pharmaceutical sciences, 5 ed., B.I. Publications Pvt. Ltd, Noida, 2006.
3. Lieberman HA, Lachman L, Schwartz JB. Pharmaceutical dosage forms: tablets Vol. I-III, 2nd ed., CBS Publishers & distributors, New Delhi, 2005.
4. Connors KA. A Text book of pharmaceutical analysi Wells JI. Pharmaceutical preformulation: The physicochemical properties of drug substances. Ellis Horwood Ltd., England, 1998.
5. Yalkowsky SH. Techniques of solubilization of drugs. Vol-12. Marcel Dekker Inc., New York, 1981
6. Dressman J, Kramer J. Pharmaceutical dissolution testing. Saurah printer pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 2005. rd
7. Sethi PD. Quantitative analysis of drugs in pharmaceutical formulations, 3 ed., CBS publications, New Delhi, 2008.
8. Carstensen JT, Rhodes CT. Drug stability principles and practices, 3 ed., CBS Publishers & distributors, New Delhi, 2005. rd
9. Yoshioka S, Stella VJ. Stability of drugs and dosage forms, Springer (India) Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi, 2006.
10. Banker GS, Rhodes CT. Modern Pharmaceutics, 4th ed., Marcel Dekker Inc, New York, 2005.
11. W. Grimm - Stability testing of drug products.
12. Mazzo DJ. International stability testing. Eastern Press Pvt. Ltd., Bangalore, 1999. 13. Beckett AH, Stenlake JB. Practical pharmaceutical chemistry, Part I & II., 4th ed., CBS Publishers & distributors, New Delhi, 2004.
14. Indian Pharmacopoeia. Controller of Publication. Delhi, 1996.
15. British Pharmacopoeia. British Pharmacopoeia Commission Office, London, 2008.
16. United States Pharmacopoeia. United States Pharmacopeial Convention, Inc, USA, 2003.
17. Encyclopaedia of Pharm. Technology, Vol I – III.
18. Wells J. I. Pharmaceutical Preformulation : The physicochemical properties of drug substances, Ellis Horwood Ltd. England, 1988.

NOVEL DRUG DELIVERY SYSTEMS (MIP 103T)

Scope

This course is designed to impart knowledge and skills necessary to train the students in the area of novel drug delivery systems.

Objective

On completion of this course it is expected that students will be able to understand,

The need, concept, design and evaluation of various customized, sustained and controlled release dosage forms.

To formulate and evaluate various novel drug delivery systems

THEORY

60 Hrs

1. **Concept & Models for NDDS:** Classification of rate controlled drug delivery systems (DDS), rate programmed release, activation modulated & feedback regulated DDS, effect of system parameters in controlled drug delivery, computation of desired release rate and dose for controlled release DDS, pharmacokinetic design for DDS – intermittent, zero order & first order release. 12 Hrs

- Carriers for Drug Delivery:** Polymers / co-polymers-introduction, classification, characterization, polymerization techniques, application in CDDS / NDDS, biodegradable & natural polymers.

2. **Study of Various DDS: Concepts, design, formulation & evaluation of controlled release oral DDS, Mucoadhesive DDS (buccal, nasal, pulmonary) Pulsatile, colon specific, liquid sustained release systems, Ocular delivery systems** 12 Hrs

3. **Transdermal Drug Delivery Systems: Theory, design, formulation & evaluation including iontophoresis and other latest developments in skin delivery systems.** 08 Hrs

4. **Sub Micron Cosmeceuticals: Biology, formulation science and evaluation of various cosmetics for skin, hair, nail, eye etc and its regulatory aspects.** 04 Hrs

- 5 **Targeted Drug Delivery Systems: Importance, concept, 12 biological process and events involved in drug targeting, design, Hrs formulation & evaluation, methods in drug targeting – nanoparticles, liposomes, niosomes, pharmacosomes, resealed erythrocytes, microspheres, magnetic microspheres. Specialized pharmaceutical emulsions – multiple emulsions, micro-emulsions.**
- 6 **Protein / Peptide Drug Delivery Systems: Concepts, delivery techniques, formulation, stability testing, causes of protein destabilization, stabilization methods.**
- 7 **Biotechnology in Drug Delivery Systems: Brief review of 06 major areas-recombinant DNA technology, monoclonal Hrs antibodies, gene therapy.**
- 8 **New trends for Personalized Medicine: Introduction, Definition, 06 Pharmacogenetics, Categories of Patients for Personalized Hrs Medicines: Customized drug delivery systems, Bioelectronic Medicines, 3D printing of pharmaceuticals, Telepharmacy.**

REFERENCES

1. **Novel Drug Delivery System, Y.W. Chein, Vol 50, Marcel Dekker, NY.**
2. **Controlled Drug Delivery Systems, Robinson, Vol 29, Marcel Dekker, NY.**
3. **Transdermal Controlled Systemic Medications, YW Chein, Vol 31, Marcel Dekker, NY.**
4. **Bioadhesive DDS, E. Mathiowitz, Vol 98, Marcel Dekker, NY.**
5. **Nasal System Drug Delivery, K.S.E. Su, Vol 39, Marcel Dekker, NY.**
6. **Drug Delivery Devices, Vol 32, P Tyle Marcel Dekker, NY.**
7. **Polymers for Controlled Drug Delivery, P.J. Tarcha, CRC Press.**
8. **Pharmaceutical Biotechnology, Vyas, CBS, Delhi.**
9. **Biotechnology of Industrial Antibiotics, E.J. Vandamme, Marcel Dekker, NY.**
10. **Protein Formulation & Delivery, E.J. McNally, Vol 99, Marcel Dekker, NY.**
11. **Drug Targeting, M.H. Rubinstein, John Wiley, NY.**

INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHTS (MIP 104T)

Scope

This course is designed to impart knowledge and skills necessary to train the students to be on par with the routine of Industrial activities in drug regulatory affairs

Objectives

On completion of this course it is expected that students will be able to understand,

Assist in Regulatory Audit process.

Establish regulatory guidelines for drug and drug products

The Regulatory requirements for contract research organization

THEORY

60 Hrs

- | | | |
|----|---|--------|
| 1. | Definition, Need for patenting, Types of Patents, Conditions to be satisfied by an invention to be patentable, Introduction to patent search. Parts of patents. Filing of patents. The essential elements of patent; Guidelines for preparation of laboratory note book, Non-obviousness in Patent. | 12 Hrs |
| 2 | Role of GATT, TRIPS, and WIPO | 12 Hrs |
| 3 | Brief introduction to Trademark protection and WHO Patents. IPR's and its types, Major bodies regulating Indian Pharmaceutical sector. | 12 Hrs |
| 4 | Brief introduction to CDSCO. WHO, USFDA, EMEA, TGA, MHRA, MCC, ANVISA | 12 Hrs |
| 5 | Regulatory requirements for contract research organization. Regulations for Biosimilars. | 12 Hrs |

REFERENCES :

1. Pharmaceutical Process Validation: By Fra R. Berry and Robert A. Nash, Vol 57, 2nd Edition
2. Applied Production and Operation Management By Evans, Anderson and Williams
3. GMP for pharmaceuticals Material Management by K.K. Ahuja
Published by CBS publishers
4. ISO 9000-Norms and explanations
5. GMP for pharmaceuticals- Willing S.H. Marcel and Dekker

INDUSTRIAL PHARMACY PRACTICAL - I
(MIP 105P)

1. Analysis of pharmacopoeial compounds and their formulations by UV Vis spectrophotometer
2. Simultaneous estimation of multi component containing formulations by UV spectrophotometry
3. Experiments based on HPLC / GC
4. Estimation of riboflavin/quinine sulphate by fluorimetry
5. Estimation of sodium/potassium by flame photometry
6. Effect of surfactants on the solubility of drugs.
7. Effect of pH on the solubility of drugs.
8. Stability testing of solution and solid dosage forms for photo degradation..
9. Stability studies of drugs in dosage forms at 25 C, 60% RH and 40 C, 75% RH.
10. Compatibility evaluation of drugs and excipients (DSC & FTIR).
11. Preparation and evaluation of different polymeric membranes.
12. Formulation and evaluation of sustained release oral matrix tablet/ oral reservoir system.
13. Formulation and evaluation of microspheres / microcapsules.
14. Formulation and evaluation of transdermal drug delivery systems.
15. Design and evaluation of face wash, body- wash, creams, lotions, shampoo, toothpaste, lipstick.
16. Electrophoresis of protein solution.
17. Preparation and evaluation of Liposome delivery system.

ADVANCED BIOPHARMACEUTICS & PHARMACOKINETICS (MIP 201T)

Scope

This course is designed to impart knowledge and skills necessary for dose calculations, dose adjustments and to apply Biopharmaceutics theories in practical problem solving.

Objectives

On completion of this course it is expected that students will be able to understand,

The basic concepts in Biopharmaceutics and pharmacokinetics.

The use of raw data and derive the pharmacokinetic models and parameters the best describe the process of drug absorption, distribution, metabolism and elimination.

To critically evaluate Biopharmaceutics studies involving drug product equivalency.

To design and evaluate dosage regimens of the drugs using pharmacokinetic and biopharmaceutic parameters.

THEORY

60 Hrs

1. Drug Absorption From The Gastrointestinal Tract: 12 Hrs
Gastrointestinal tract, Mechanism of drug absorption, Factors affecting, pH-partition theory, Formulation and physicochemical factors: Dissolution rate, Dissolution process, Noyes-Whitney equation and drug dissolution, Factors affecting the dissolution rate. Gastrointestinal absorption: role of the dosage form: Solution (elixir, syrup and solution) as a dosage form, Suspension as a dosage form, Capsule as a dosage form, Tablet as a dosage form, Dissolution methods, Formulation and processing factors, Correlation of in vivo data with in vitro dissolution data. Transport model: Permeability-Solubility-Charge State and the pH Partition Hypothesis, Properties of the Gastrointestinal Tract (GIT), pH Microclimate Intracellular pH Environment, Tight-Junction Complex. Solubility: Experimental methods. Permeability: In-vitro, in-situ and In-vivo methods.
2. Biopharmaceutic Considerations in Drug Product Design 12 and In Vitro Drug Product Performance: Introduction, Hrs
Biopharmaceutic Factors Affecting Drug Bioavailability, Rate-Limiting Steps in Drug Absorption, Physicochemical Nature of the

Drug Formulation Factors Affecting Drug Product Performance, In Vitro: Dissolution and Drug Release Testing, Compendial Methods of Dissolution, Alternative Methods of Dissolution Testing, Meeting Dissolution Requirements, Problems of Variable Control in Dissolution Testing Performance of Drug Products: In Vitro–In Vivo Correlation, Dissolution Profile Comparisons, Drug Product Stability, Considerations in the Design of a Drug Product.

- 3 Pharmacokinetics: Basic considerations, Pharmacokinetic 12 models, Compartment modeling: One compartment model- IV Hrs bolus, IV infusion, Extra-vascular; Multi Compartment model: Two compartment - model in brief, Non-Linear Pharmacokinetics: Cause of non-linearity, Michaelis – Menten equation, Estimation Kmax and Vmax. Drug interactions: Introduction, The effect of protein-binding interactions, The effect of tissue-binding interactions, Cytochrome P450-based drug interactions, Drug interactions linked to transporters.**
- 4 Drug Product Performance, In Vivo: Bioavailability and 12 Bioequivalence: Drug Product Performance, Purpose of Hrs Bioavailability Studies, Relative and Absolute Availability, , Methods for Assessing Bioavailability, Bioequivalence Studies, Design and Evaluation of Bioequivalence Studies, Study Designs, Crossover Study Designs, Evaluation of the Data, Bioequivalence Example, Study Submission and Drug Review Process, The Biopharmaceutics Classification System, Generic Biologics (Biosimilar Drug Products),Clinical Significance of Bioequivalence Studies, Special Concerns in Bioavailability and Bioequivalence Studies, Generic Substitution.**
- 5 Application of Pharmacokinetics: Modified-Release Drug 12 Products, Targeted Drug Delivery Systems and Biotechnological Hrs Products. Relationship between Pharmacokinetics including Pharmacodynamics: Generation of a pharmacokinetic– pharmacodynamic (PKPD) equation, Pharmacokinetic and pharmacodynamic, interactions. Pharmacokinetics and pharmacodynamics of biotechnology drugs: Introduction, Proteins and peptides, Monoclonal antibodies, Oligonucleotides, Vaccines (immunotherapy),Gene therapies.**

REFERENCES

1. **Biopharmaceutics and Clinical Pharmacokinetics** by Milo Gibaldi, 4th edition, Philadelphia, Lea and Febiger, 1991
2. **Biopharmaceutics and Pharmacokinetics**, A. Treatise, D .M. Brahmankar and Sunil B.J aiswal., Vallab Prakashan, Pitampura, Delhi
3. **Applied Biopharmaceutics and Pharmacokinetics** by Shargel. Land YuABC, 2nd edition, Connecticut Appleton Century Crofts, 1985
4. **Textbook of Biopharmaceutics and Pharmacokinetics**, Dr. Shobha Rani R. Hiremath, Prism Book
5. **Pharmacokinetics** by Milo Gibaldi and D. Perrier, 2nd edition, Marcel Dekker Inc., New York, 1982
6. **Current Concepts in Pharmaceutical Sciences: Biopharmaceutics**, Swarbrick. J, Lea and Febiger, Philadelphia, 1970
7. **Clinical Pharmacokinetics, Concepts and Applications** 3rd edition by Malcolm Rowland and Thom~ N. Tozer, Lea and Febiger, Philadelphia, 1995
8. **Dissolution, Bioavailability and Bioequivalence**, Abdou. H.M, Mack Publishing Company, Pennsylvania 1989
9. **Biopharmaceutics and Clinical Pharmacokinetics, An Introduction**, 4th edition, revised and expanded by Robert. E. Notari, Marcel Dekker Inc, New York and Basel, 1987.
10. **Biopharmaceutics and Relevant Pharmacokinetics** by John. G Wagner and M.Pemarowski, 1st edition, Drug Intelligence Publications, Hamilton, Illinois, 1971.
11. **Encyclopedia of Pharmaceutical Technology**, Vol 13, James Swarbrick, James. G.Boylan, Marcel Dekker Inc, New York, 1996.
12. **Basic Pharmacokinetics**, 1 st edition, Sunil S Jambhekar and Philip J Breen, pharmaceutical press, RPS Publishing, 2009.
13. **Absorption and Drug Development- Solubility, Permeability, and Charge State**, Alex Avdeef, John Wiley & Sons, Inc, 2003.

SCALE UP AND TECHNOLOGY TRANSFER (MIP 202T)

Scope

This course is designed to impart knowledge and skills necessary to train the students to be on scale up, technology transfer process and industrial safety issues.

Objectives:

On completion of this course it is expected that students will be able to understand,

Manage the scale up process in pharmaceutical industry. Assist in technology transfer.

To establish safety guidelines, which prevent industrial hazards.

THEORY

60 Hrs

1. **Pilot plant design: Basic requirements for design, facility, 12 equipment selection, for tablets, capsules, liquid orals, parentral Hrs and semisolid preparations.**

Scale up: Importance, Technology transfer from R & D to pilot plant to plant scale, process scale up for tablets, capsules, liquid orals, semisolids, parentral, NDDS products – stress on formula, equipments, product uniformity, stability, raw materials, physical layout, input, in-process and finished product specifications, problems encountered during transfer of technology

- 2 **Validation: General concepts, types, procedures & protocols, 12 documentation, VMF. Analytical method validation, cleaning Hrs validation and vender qualification.**
- 3 **Equipment Qualification: Importance, IQ, OQ, PQ for 12 equipments – autoclave, DHS, membrane filter, rapid mixer Hrs granulator, cone blender, FBD, tablet compression machine, liquid filling and sealing machine. Aseptic room validation.**
- 4 **Process validation: Importance, validation of mixing, 12 granulation, drying, compression, tablet coating, liquid filling and Hrs sealing, sterilization, water process systems, environmental control.**

- 5 Industrial safety: Hazards – fire, mechanical, electrical, 12 chemical and pharmaceutical, Monitoring & prevention systems, Hrs industrial effluent testing & treatment. Control of environmental pollution.

REFERENCES

1. Pharmaceutical process validation, JR Berry, Nash, Vol 57, Marcel Dekker, NY.
2. Pharmaceutical Production facilities, design and applications, by GC Cole, Taylor and Francis.
3. Pharmaceutical project management, T.Kennedy, Vol 86, Marcel Dekker, NY.
4. The theory & Practice of Industrial Pharmacy, L.Lachman, H.A.Lieberman, Varghese Publ. Bombay.
5. Tablet machine instruments in pharmaceuticals, PR Watt, John Wiloy.
6. Pharmaceutical dosage forms, Tablets, Vol 1, 2, 3 by Lachman, Lieberman, Marcel Dekker, NY.
7. Pharmaceutical dosage forms, Parenteral medications, Vol 1, 2 by K.E. Avis, Marcel Dekker, NY.
8. Dispersed system Vol 1, 2, 3 by Lachman, Lieberman, Marcel Dekker, NY.
9. Subrahmanyam, CVS, Pharmaceutical production and Management, 2007, Vallabh Prakashan,Dehli.

PHARMACEUTICAL PRODUCTION TECHNOLOGY (MIP 203T)

Scope

This course is designed to impart knowledge and skills necessary to train the students to be on par with the routine of Industrial activities in Production

Objectives

On completion of this course it is expected that students will be able to understand,

- Handle the scheduled activities in a Pharmaceutical firm.
- Manage the production of large batches of pharmaceutical formulations.

THEORY

60 Hrs Improved Tablet

Production: Tablet production process, unit 12

1. operation improvements, granulation and pelletization Hrs
equipments, continuous and batch mixing, rapid mixing
granulators, rota granulators, spheronizers and marumerisers, and
other specialized granulation and drying equipments. Problems
encountered.

**Coating Technology: Process, equipments, particle coating,
fluidized bed coating, application techniques. Problems
encountered.**

- 2 **Parenteral Production: Area planning & environmental control, 12**
wall and floor treatment, fixtures and machineries, change rooms, Hrs
personnel flow, utilities & utilities equipment location, engineering
and maintenance.
- 3 **Lyophilization & Spray drying Technology: Principles, 12**
process, freeze-drying and spray drying equipments. Hrs
- 4 **Capsule Production: Production process, improved capsule 12**
manufacturing and filling machines for hard and soft gelatin Hrs
capsules. Layout and problems encountered.
Disperse Systems Production: Production processes,
applications of mixers, mills, disperse equipments including
fine solids dispersion, problems encountered.

Packaging Technology: Types of packaging materials, machinery, labeling, package printing for different dosage forms.

- 5 **Air Handling Systems:** Study of AHUs, humidity & temperature control, air filtration systems, dust collectors. **Water Treatment Process:** Techniques and maintenance – RO, DM, ultra – filtration, WFI. 12 Hrs

REFERENCES

1. The Theory & Practice of Industrial Pharmacy, L. Lachman, Varghese Publ, Bombay.
2. Modern Pharmaceutics by Banker, Vol 72, Marcel Dekker, NY.
3. Pharmaceutical Dosage Forms, Vol 1, 2, 3 by Lachman, Lieberman, Marcel Dekker, NY.
4. Pharmaceutical Dosage Forms, Parenteral medications, Vol 1, 2 by K.E. Avis, Marcel Dekker, NY.
5. Pharmaceutical Production Facilities, design and applications, by G.C. Cole, Taylor and Francis.
6. Dispersed System Vol 1, 2, 3 by Lachman, Lieberman, Marcel Dekker, NY.
7. Product design and testing of polymeric materials by N.P. Chezerisionoff.
8. Pharmaceutical Project Management, T.Kennedy, Vol 86, Marcel Dekker, NY.
9. Packaging Pharmaceutical and Health Care, H.Lockhard.
10. Quality Control of Packaging Materials in Pharmaceutical Industry, .Kharburn, Marcel Dekker, NY.
11. Freeze drying / Lyophilization of Pharmaceuticals & Biological Products, L. Ray, Vol 96, Marcel Dekker, NY.
12. Tablet Machine Instrumentation In Pharmaceuticals, PR Watt, Ellis Horwoods, UK.

ENTREPRENEURSHIP MANAGEMENT (MIP 204T)

Scope

This course is designed to impart knowledge and skills necessary to train the students on entrepreneurship management.

Objectives:

On completion of this course it is expected that students will be able to understand,

- The Role of enterprise in national and global economy
- Dynamics of motivation and concepts of entrepreneurship
- Demands and challenges of Growth Strategies And Networking

THEORY

60 Hrs

1. **Conceptual Frame Work: Concept need and process in 12 entrepreneurship development. Role of enterprise in national and Hrs global economy. Types of enterprise – Merits and Demerits. Government policies and schemes for enterprise development. Institutional support in enterprise development and management.**
2. **Entrepreneur: Entrepreneurial motivation – dynamics of 12 motivation. Entrepreneurial competency –Concepts. Developing Hrs Entrepreneurial competencies - requirements and understanding the process of entrepreneurship development, self-awareness, interpersonal skills, creativity, assertiveness, achievement, factors affecting entrepreneur role.**
3. **Launching And Organising An Enterprise: Environment 12 scanning – Information, sources, schemes of assistance, Hrs problems. Enterprise selection, market assessment, enterprise feasibility study, SWOT Analysis. Resource mobilisation - finance, technology, raw material, site and manpower. Costing and marketing management and quality control. Feedback, monitoring and evaluation.**
4. **Growth Strategies And Networking: Performance appraisal and 12 assessment. Profitability and control measures, demands and Hrs challenges. Need for diversification. Future Growth – Techniques of expansion and diversification, vision strategies. Concept and dynamics. Methods, Joint venture, co-ordination and feasibility study.**

- 5 Preparing Project Proposal To Start On New Enterprise 12**
Project work – Feasibility report; Planning, resource mobilisation Hrs
and implementation.

REFERENCES

- 1. Akhauri, M.M.P.(1990): Entrepreneurship for Women in India, NIESBUD, New Delhi.**
- 2. Hisrich, R.D & Brush, C.G.(1996) The Women Entrepreneurs, D.C. Health & Co., Toranto.**
- 3. Hisrich, R.D. and Peters, M.P. (1995): Entrepreneurship – Starting, Developing and Managing a New Enterprise, Richard D., Inwin, INC, USA.**
- 4. Meredith, G.G. etal (1982): Practice of Entrepreneurship, ILO, Geneva.**
- 5. Patel, V.C. (1987): Women Entrepreneurship – Developing New Entrepreneurs, Ahmedabad EDII.**

INDUSTRIAL PHARMACY PRACTICAL - II
(MIP 205P)

- 1. Improvement of dissolution characteristics of slightly soluble drug by Solid dispersion technique.**
- 2. Comparison of dissolution of two different marketed products /brands**
- 3. Protein binding studies of a highly protein bound drug & poorly protein bound drug**
- 4. Bioavailability studies of Paracetamol (Animal).**
- 5. Pharmacokinetic and IVIVC data analysis by WinnolineR software**
- 6. In vitro cell studies for permeability and metabolism**
- 7. Formulation and evaluation of tablets**
- 8. Formulation and evaluation of capsules**
- 9. Formulation and evaluation of injections**
- 10. Formulation and evaluation of emulsion**
- 11. Formulation and evaluation of suspension.**
- 12. Formulation and evaluation of enteric coating tablets.**
- 13. Preparation and evaluation of a freeze dried formulation.**
- 14. Preparation and evaluation of a spray dried formulation.**

