



DEPARTMENT OF CHEMISTRY,  
PALAMURU UNIVERSITY, MAHABUBNAGAR, TELANGANA

Minutes of Meeting

The meeting of board of studies in Chemistry is held on 17-11-2021 at 3 PM in the Department of Chemistry, Palamuru University, Mahabubnagar for the operational syllabi from the academic year 2021-22.

The following members were present:

1. Prof. K.Girija Managatayaru, Dept.of Chemistry, Palamuru University	Chairperson
2. Prof. P. Leelavathi, Dept. of Chemistry, Osmania University	Member
3. Dr. MD. Noorjahan, HoD, Dept. of Chemistry, Palamuru University	Member
4. Dr. N. Chandrakiran, Asst. Prof, Dept. of Chemistry, Palamuru University	Member
5. Dr. S. Vijaya Laxmi, Asst.Prof, Dept. of Chemistry, Palamuru University	Member
6. Dr. K. Rajender Reddy, Sr. Principal Scientist, IICT, Hyd	Member
7. Dr. K. Padmavathi, Principal, NTRGDC for Women, M BNR	Member
8. Dr. G. Suresh Kumar, Group Leader, Hetero Drugs Ltd, Hyderabad	Member
9. Dr. A. Hari Padmashri, Asst.Prof, Dept. of Chemistry, Osmania University	Member
10. Mr. G. Satyanarayana Goud, Asst. Prof, Dr. BRR GDC, Jadcherla	Member

After the discussion the following resolutions were taken.

**Resolutions:**

1. The Members of the BOS have thoroughly discussed about the existing syllabus and suggested some changes as per the need of current research and Industrial requirements.
2. It is resolved to introduce revised syllabi in accordance with the requirements of CBCS ( A copy of the revised syllabus in CBCS pattern is enclosed)
3. Based on the suggestions given by the BOS members, modifications in the syllabus were enclosed in Annexure-1
4. The proposed syllabus for the subject of chemistry is approved unanimously.

K. Girija Managatayaru  
Noorjahan  
Kiran  
(Dr. N. Chandrakiran Kiran)  
A. Hari Padmashri  
P. Leelavathi  
G. Satyanarayana Goud



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K. Girija  
Noorjahan  
Kiran  
(Dr. N. Chandra Kiran)  
A. Padmashri  
P. Leela  
G. Satyanarayana Goud

ANNEXURE-1

Following modifications in the syllabus were approved by BOS members

**Inorganic Chemistry**

**Semester-I**

CH-101-T

**IC-01 Symmetry of Molecules**

15 hr

No change in the syllabus

**IC-02 Bonding in Metal Complexes-I**

15 hr

d-orbital splitting in trigonal bipyramidal and pentagonal bipyramidal geometries are introduced.

**IC-03 Coordination Equilibria**

15 hr

No change in the syllabus

**IC-04 Ligational Aspects of diatomic molecules**

15 hr

No change in the syllabus

**CH-151P Practicals**

Preparation of Tetrammine copper (II) sulphate, Pentaammine(chloro)cobalt (III) chloride, Sodiumtrioxalato ferrate(III) complexes are included in preparation of complexes

**Semester II**

Inorganic Chemistry

CH-201-T

**IC-05 Reaction mechanism of transition metal complexes**

15 hr

No change in the syllabus

**IC-06 Bonding in Metal Complexes-II**

15 hr

No change in the syllabus

**IC-07 Metal clusters**

15 hr

No change in the syllabus

**IC-08 Bio coordination Chemistry**

15 hr

Oxygen transport and storage: Allosteric model (T & S states), transport of CO<sub>2</sub> are included and abbreviations for Haemoglobin (Hb), Myoglobin (Mb), Hemerythrin (Hr) and Hemocyanin (Hc) are included in the syllabus.

**CH-251P Practicals**

No change in the syllabus

**Organic Chemistry**

**Semester-1**

**OC-1 Stereochemistry**

15 hr

Molecular representations: Wedge, Fisher, Newman and Saw-horse Formulae, their description and interconversions, molecular symmetry & chirality: symmetry operations and symmetry elements (C<sub>n</sub> & S<sub>n</sub>) criteria for Chirality removed (since it is already covered in degree final year). Th rest is remained as it is. Determination of Configuration in aldoximes and ketoximes (as an example Beckman rearrangement is included).

**OC-2 Reaction Mechanism-I**

15 hr

NO change in the syllabus

**OC-3 Reaction Mechanism-II**

15 hr

**Carbohydrates & Proteins** removed completely as this topic already included in the elective paper (biomolecules) and also in UG syllabus.

In place of Carbohydrates & proteins, Reaction Mechanism-II from second semester totally shifted to 1<sup>st</sup> Semester in continuation with Reaction Mechanism-I.

**OC-4 Heterocyclic Compounds**

15 hr

No change in the syllabus

K. Singh

Kiranshaw

Abey  
G. Srinivas

Mosajal

A. Radmah  
P. Neeraj

S. S. S.



## Practicals

Demonstration of following techniques is included to the syllabus

1. Recrystallization
2. Steam Distillation
3. Sublimation

Criteria for determination of Purity of organic molecules M.P, mixed M.P and B.P added.

## Semester-II (Organic Chemistry)

### OC-5 Conformational analysis-I

15 hr

Conformational analysis (acyclic systems) is changed to Conformational analysis-I.

From previous syllabus first para is removed as this topic already covered in the degree syllabus

Use of Physical & Spectral methods in conformational analysis is shifted to last paragraph  
conformational effects on the stability and reactivity of diastereomers in cyclic systems were added.

Total syllabus from OC-9 conformational analysis cyclic systems (III<sup>rd</sup> sem) shifted here (Upto cyclo butane)

\*For better understanding of chapters like asymmetric synthesis, pericyclic reactions, molecular rearrangements and carbohydrates we need to have a thorough knowledge of conformational analysis of both cyclic and acyclic compounds without which it is very difficult to teach.

Therefore it is recommended to shift the chapters pertaining to conformational analysis in the later semester(III) to the early semester (I) so that many topics which requires conformational analysis can be perfectly understood.

### OC-6 Conformational analysis-II and ORD

15 hr

Reaction Mechanism-II is removed & conformational analysis -II and ORD is introduced. Some topics from OC-09 of III Sem from cycloheptane to quinolizidine is introduced. ORD & CD spectroscopy concept from OC-28 is shifted here, as ORD and CD concepts justify the inclusion here.

### OC-7 Reactive intermediates and Molecular rearrangements

15 hr

Wagner-Meerwein, pinacol-Pinacolone and Beckmann rearrangements removed (since already covered in degree syllabus and more over Beckmann rearrangement is discussed in OC-I). The rest is remained as it is.

### OC-8 Title Changed (Natural Products-I removed)

15 hr

New Title: Natural Products (Terpenoids & Alkaloids)

No Change in the syllabus

## Practicals Sem-II

Title Changed:

Previous one: Identification of Organic compounds and Systematic Qualitative analysis

New Title: Systematic Qualitative analysis and Identification of Organic compounds

Identification of Unknown organic compounds from their IR, UV, <sup>1</sup>HNMR & Mass Spectral Data changed to  
Introduction to structural elucidation of organic compounds by IR, UV, <sup>1</sup>HNMR & Mass Spectral Data

## Physical Chemistry

### Semester-1

#### PC-01 Thermodynamics-I

15 hr

Concepts of I & II laws of thermodynamics and change of entropy calculations in various processes is removed (since already covered in degree syllabus) and Solutions topic from thermodynamics II is included.

#### PC-02 Electrochemistry-I

15 hr

No Change in the syllabus.

#### PC-03 Quantum Chemistry-I

15 hr

Particle in a box topic from Quantum chemistry-II is included here as syllabus in Quantum chemistry -I is comparatively less

#### PC-04 Chemical Kinetics-I

15 hr

No Change in the syllabus

## Practicals

No Change in the syllabus

References were added.

K. Singh

Kirankumar

G. S. M. W.

Opur

A. Radhakrishnan

Abhishek

S. S. P. K.

**Physical Chemistry****Semester-II****PC-05 Thermodynamics-II**

15 hr

Solutions topic from Thermodynamics -II is shifted to Thermodynamics -I and Statistical Thermodynamics topic is included here.

**PC-06 Photochemistry-I**

15 hr

No Change in the syllabus

**PC-07 Quantum Chemistry-II**

15hr

Particle in a box topic is removed

**PC-08 solid state Chemistry**

15hr

Magnetic properties of solids topic is removed (since already covered in degree syllabus) and Nanoparticles and their applications topic is introduced here.

**Practicals**

In distribution experiment  $\text{CCl}_4$  is replaced by hexanes/cyclohexanes, in pH metry titration of strong acid vs strong base is included and removed "solutions" experiment.

References were added.

**Paper-IV****Semester-1****ASP-01 Techniques of Chromatography**

15hr

No Change in the syllabus

**ASP-02 NMR Spectroscopy-1 ( $^1\text{H}$ NMR)**

15hr

No Change in the syllabus

**ASP-03 Rotational & Vibrational Spectroscopy**

15hr

No Change in the syllabus

**ASP-04 Electronic Spectroscopy**

15hr

No Change in the syllabus

**Semester-II****ASP-05 Electro and thermal Analytical Techniques**

15hr

Conductometry and Potentiometry removed from the syllabus as they already present in the Practical, in place of these two topics we incorporated thermal analysis.

**ASP-06 NMR Spectroscopy-II**

15hr

No Change in the syllabus

**ASP-07 Mass Spectrometry**

15hr

No Change in the syllabus

**ASP-08 Photoelectron & ESR spectroscopy**

15hr

No Change in the syllabus

K. Sriniv

Kirancharan

Raj

Narasimha

S. Srinivas

A. Padmavathi

P. Srinivas

S. Srinivas



## DEPARTMENT OF CHEMISTRY, PALAMURU UNIVERSITY

M.Sc. Chemistry I & II Semester (CBCS) Syllabus  
(Effective from academic year 2021-2022)

[UNDER RESTRUCTURED CBCS Scheme]

(Approved in the P.G. BOS meeting held on -11-2021 )

### Semester I

Theory	Hrs/week	Internal assessment*	Semester exam	Total	Credits
CH101T	4	20 marks	80 marks	100 marks	4
CH102T	4	20 marks	80 marks	100 marks	4
CH103T	4	20 marks	80 marks	100 marks	4
CH104T	4	20 marks	80 marks	100 marks	4
<b>Lab</b>					
CH151P (IC)	6			50 marks	2
CH152P (OC)	6			50 marks	2
CH153P (PC)	6			50 marks	2
<b>Total</b>				<b>550 marks</b>	<b>22</b>

### Semester II

Theory	Hrs/week	Internal assessment*	Semester exam	Total	Credits
CH201T	4	20 marks	80 marks	100 marks	4
CH202T	4	20 marks	80 marks	100 marks	4
CH203T	4	20 marks	80 marks	100 marks	4
CH204T	4	20 marks	80 marks	100 marks	4
<b>Lab</b>					
CH 251P (IC)	6			50 marks	2
CH252P (OC)	6			50 marks	2
CH253P (PC)	6			50 marks	2
<b>Total</b>				<b>550 marks</b>	<b>22</b>

\* 15 marks for the written test (Objective type) and 5 marks for the Assignment

Lab (Practical's) are conducted in two batches (Batch-I & II) with a minimum of 15 students / Batch

*K. Sujit*  
*Kiranan*  
*Abhishek*  
*Abhishek*  
*P. Leena*  
*A. Padma*



**M.Sc. CHEMISTRY (CBCS) SYLLABUS**  
(Effective from the academic year 2021-2022)  
**SEMESTER – I**

**Paper-I: CH 101T (INORGANIC CHEMISTRY)**

IC 01: Symmetry of molecules

IC 02: Bonding in Metal Complexes – I

IC 03: Coordination equilibria

IC 04: Ligational aspects of diatomic molecules

**Teaching Hours = 4/week**

**Marks= 80**

**IC-01: Symmetry of Molecules :**

**15hrs**

Concept of Symmetry in Chemistry – Symmetry Operations – Symmetry Elements : Rotational Axis of Symmetry and Types of Rotational Axes, Plane of Symmetry and types of Planes, Improper Rotational Axis of Symmetry , Inversion Center and Identity Element – More about Symmetry Elements – Molecular Point Groups: Definition and Notation of Point Groups, Classification of Molecular Point Groups in to  $C_1$ ,  $C_s$ ,  $C_i$ ,  $C_n$ ,  $C_{nv}$ ,  $C_{nh}$ ,  $C_{\infty v}$ ,  $D_n$ ,  $D_{nh}$ ,  $D_{nd}$ ,  $D_{\infty h}$ ,  $S_n$  ( $n$ =even),  $T$ ,  $T_h$ ,  $T_d$ ,  $O$ ,  $O_h$ ,  $I$ ,  $I_h$ ,  $K_h$  Groups. Descent in Symmetry with Substitution – Exercises in Molecular Point Groups – Symmetry and Dipolemoment – Symmetry criteria for Optical activity.

**IC – 02: Bonding in metal complexes – I:**

**15hrs**

Crystal Field Theory: Salient features of CFT. d-orbital splitting patterns in regular Octahedral, tetrahedral, Jahn-Teller theorem- tetragonally distorted octahedral, square planar, trigonal planar, Trigonal bipyramidal, Pentagonal bipyramidal and linear geometries. Factors influencing the magnitude of crystal field splitting in octahedral complexes nature of metal ions, nature of ligands, geometry. Concept of weak field and strong fields. Calculation of crystal field stabilization energies (CFSE's) in six and four coordinate complexes.

Types of magnetic behaviour – magnetic susceptibility – calculation of magnetic moment from magnetic susceptibility spin only formula- Quenching of orbital angular momentum – Determination of magnetic moment from Guoy's method. Applications of magnetic moment data for the determination of oxidation states, bond type and stereochemistry.

**IC-03: Coordination Equilibria:**

**15hrs**

Solvation of metal ions- Binary complexes: Formation of binary Metal Complexes and their stability – types of Stability Constants – relation between them- trends in Step-wise Stability Constants (Factors causing decrease and increase in Step-wise Stability) – Factors influencing the stability constants :(i) Ligand effects: Basicity, Substituent, Steric, Chelate(size and number of chelate rings), Macrocyclic and Cryptate effects- (ii) Metal ion effects: Ionic potential, Effective Nuclear charge and Atomic Number (Irving-William's Order, geometry of Metal ion and Ligand) – Chelate effect and its Thermodynamic origin – Jahn-Teller effect on Stability constants of Metal complexes – Pearson's Theory of Hard and Soft Acids and Bases ( HSAB), Applications of HSAB, Electronegativity Vs Hardness and Softness. Symbiosis – Methods used for the determination of Stability constants (Basic Principles only): pH metric, Spectrophotometric and Polarographic methods.

Ternary Metal Complexes – definition – Formation of ternary metal complexes – Step- wise and simultaneous equilibria with simple examples.

*A. Padmavathi*  
*K. Ganga*

*Kiranesan*  
*2*

*Prasanna*

*Abhishek*

*P. Anand*

*S. Anand*

**Metal Carbonyls:-** Carbon monoxide as a ligand – Molecular orbitals of CO - Donor and Acceptor molecular orbitals of CO; Bonding modes of CO- Terminal and Bridging; Evidence for multiple bonding from Bond lengths and Stretching frequencies;

18 Valence electron rule and its application.

**Metal Nitrosyls:** - NO as a ligand – Molecular orbitals of NO – Donor and Acceptor components: Bonding modes of NO – Terminal (Linear, Bent) and Bridging;

Structural aspects of  $[\text{IrCl}(\text{PPh}_3)_2(\text{CO})(\text{NO})]^+$  and  $[\text{RuCl}(\text{PPh}_3)_2(\text{NO})_2]^+$ .

Stereo chemical control of valence in  $[\text{Co}(\text{diars})_2(\text{NO})]^{2+}$  and  $[\text{Co}(\text{diars})_2(\text{NO})(\text{SCN})]^+$ .

**Metal Dinitrogen complexes:** -  $\text{N}_2$  as a ligand – Molecular orbitals of  $\text{N}_2$ ; Bonding modes – Terminal and Bridging; Stretching frequencies; Structures of Ru (II) and Mo (0) dinitrogen complexes; Chemical fixation of dinitrogen.

**Suggested References:**

1. Symmetry and Group theory in Chemistry, Mark Ladd, Marwood Publishers, London(2000).
2. Molecular Symmetry and Group Theory, Robert L.Carter, John Wiley & Son (1998).
3. Symmetry and Spectroscopy of Molecules. K.Veera Reddy, New Age International (P) Limited (1999).
4. Advanced Inorganic Chemistry. F.A.Cotton, G.Wilkinson, C.A.Murillo and M.Bochmann, 6 th Edition, Wiley Interscience, N.Y (1999)
5. Inorganic Chemistry, J.E.Huheey, K.A.Keiter and R.L.Keiter 4 th Edition Harper Cottens College Publications (1993).
6. Homogeneous Catalysis by Metal complexes Vol I, M M Taqui Khan and A E Martell, Academic Press NY (1974).
7. Inorganic Chemistry, Keith F.Purcell and John C.Kotz, Holt-Saunders International Editions, London (1977).

K. Gopinath

Kirankumar  
Mangalika  
E. S. S. S.

P. S. S.

A. Padmavathi



**Paper-II: CH 102 T (ORGANIC CHEMISTRY)**

OC-01: Stereochemistry

OC-02: Reaction mechanism-I

OC-03: Reaction mechanism-II

OC-04: Heterocyclic compounds

**Teaching Hours = 4/week**

**Marks= 80**

**OC-01: Stereochemistry**

**15hrs**

Desymmetrization. Axial, planar and helical chirality, Configurational nomenclature, Axially chiral allenes, spiranes, alkylidene cycloalkanes, chiral biaryls, atropisomerism. Planar chirality: ansa compounds and trans- cyclooctene. Helically chiral compounds

**Relative and absolute configuration:** Determination of absolute configuration by chemical correlation methods.

**Racemisation, racemates and resolution techniques:** Resolutions by direct crystallization, diastereoisomer salt formation, chiral chromatography and asymmetric transformation.

**Determination of configuration in *E,Z*-isomers:** Spectral and Chemical methods of configuration determination of *E,Z*-isomers. Determination of configuration in aldoximes and ketoximes using Beckman rearrangement.

**OC-02: Reaction mechanism-I**

**15hrs**

**Electrophilic addition to carbon carbon double bond:** Stereoselective addition to carbon carbon double bond : *anti* addition- bromination and epoxidation followed by ring opening. *Syn* addition of OsO<sub>4</sub> and KMnO<sub>4</sub>.

**Elimination reactions:**  $\alpha$  and  $\beta$  Elimination reactions, E2, E1, E1CB mechanisms. Orientation and stereoselectivity in E2 eliminations. Pyrolytic *syn* elimination reactions and elimination Vs substitution.

**Determination of reaction mechanism:** Energy profile diagrams of addition and elimination reactions, transition states, product isolation and structure of intermediates, use of isotopes, chemical trapping, crossover experiments. Use of IR and NMR in the investigation of reaction mechanisms.

**OC-03: Reaction mechanism-II**

**15hrs**

**Nucleophilic Aromatic substitution reactions:** Aromatic Nucleophilic substitution: S<sub>N</sub>1(Ar), S<sub>N</sub>2 (Ar), and benzyne mechanisms; evidence for the structure of benzyne. Von Richter rearrangement. Definition and types of ambident nucleophiles.

**Neighbouring group participation :** Criteria for determining the participation of neighbouring group. Enhanced reaction rates, retention of configuration, isotopic labeling and cyclic intermediates. Neighbouring group participation involving Halogens, Oxygen, Sulphur, Nitrogen, Aryl, Cycloalkyl groups,  $\sigma$  and  $\pi$ - bonds. Introduction to nonclassical carbocations. **Electrophilic substitution at saturated carbon and single electron transfer reactions:** Mechanism of aliphatic electrophilic substitution. S<sub>E</sub>1, S<sub>E</sub>2, and S<sub>E</sub>i. SET mechanism.

K. Srinivas  
Narasimha Kiran

Srinivas

P. Srinivas

A. Padmavathi

#### OC-4: Heterocyclic compounds

15hrs

Importance of heterocyclic compounds as drugs. Nomenclature of heterocyclic systems based on ring size, number and nature of hetero atoms. Synthesis and reactivity of indole, benzofuran, benzothiophene, quinoline, isoquinoline, coumarin, chromone, carbazole and acridine.

#### References:

1. Stereochemistry of carbon compounds by Ernest L. Eliel and Samuel H. Wilen
2. Stereochemistry of organic compounds- Principles and Applications by D. Nasipuri
3. Heterocyclic Chemistry, T.L. Gilchrist, Longman UK Ltd, London (1985).
4. Benzofurans A. Mustafa, Wiley-Interscience, New York (1974).
5. Heterocyclic Chemistry, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edn J.A. Joule, K. Mills and G.F. Smith, Stanley Thorne Ltd, UK, (1998)
6. The Chemistry of Indole, R.J. Sundberg, Academic Press, New York (1970).
7. An introduction to the chemistry of heterocyclic compounds, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edn. R. M. Acheson, Inter science Publishers, New York, 1967.
8. Advanced Organic Chemistry by Jerry March
9. Mechanism and Structure in Organic Chemistry S. Mukerjee
10. Guide Book to mechanism in Organic Chemistry, 6<sup>th</sup> Edition, Peter Sykes.
11. Organic Chemistry by Graham Solomous and Craig Fryhle.
12. Organic Chemistry by RT Morrison and RN Boyd.
13. Organic Chemistry, Vol. 2 by I.L. Finar.
14. Organic Chemistry: Structure and Reactivity by Seyhan Ege.

K. Ajit Moogah  
Kiranwar

ABU  
S. S. S.

P. K. K.

A. Padmahi  
S. S. S.

Paper-III: CH 103 T (PHYSICAL CHEMISTRY)

PC-01: Thermodynamics-I

PC-02: Electrochemistry-I

PC-03: Quantum Chemistry-I

PC-04: Chemical Kinetics-I

Teaching Hours = 4/week

Marks= 80

15hrs

**PC-01: Thermodynamics-I**

Concept of entropy. Entropy as a function of V and T. Entropy as a function of P and T. Entropy change in isolated systems- Clausius inequality. Entropy change as criterion for spontaneity and equilibrium. Third law of thermodynamics. Evaluation of absolute entropies from heat capacity data for solids, liquids and gases. Standard entropies and entropy changes of chemical reactions. Helmholtz and Gibbs free energies (A and G). A and G as a criteria for equilibrium and spontaneity. Physical significance of A and G. Driving force for chemical reactions- relative signs of  $\Delta H$  and  $\Delta S$ . Thermodynamic relations. Gibbs equations. Maxwell relations. Temperature dependence of G. Gibbs- Helmholtz equation. Pressure dependence of G. Chemical potential: Gibbs equations for non-equilibrium systems. Material equilibrium. Phase equilibrium. Clapeyron equation and Clausius-Clapeyron equation . Conditions for equilibrium in a closed system. Chemical potential of ideal gases. Ideal-gas reaction equilibrium-derivation of equilibrium constant. Temperature dependence of equilibrium constant-the van't Hoff equation.

Solutions: Specifying the Solution composition. Partial molar properties-significance. Relation between solution volume and partial molar volume. Measurement of partial molar volumes- slope and intercept methods. The chemical potential. Variation of chemical potential with T and P. Gibbs-Duhem equation-derivation and significance.

15hrs

**PC-02: Electrochemistry- I**

**Electrochemical Cells :** Derivation of Nernst equation – problems. Chemical and concentration cells (with and without transference). Liquid junction potential – derivation of the expression for LJP – its determination and elimination. Applications of EMF measurements : Solubility product. potentiometric titrations, determination of transport numbers, equilibrium constant measurements. Decomposition potential and its significance. Electrode polarization – its causes and elimination. Concentration overpotential.

Concept of activity and activity coefficients in electrolytic solutions. The mean ionic activity coefficient. Debye-Huckel theory of electrolytic solutions. Debye-Huckel limiting law (derivation not required). Calculation of mean ionic activity coefficient. Limitations of Debye-Huckel theory. Extended Debye-Huckel law.

Theory of electrolytic conductance. Derivation of Debye-Huckel-Onsager equation – its validity and limitations.

Concept of ion association – Bjerrum theory of ion association (elementary treatment) - ion association constant – Debye-Huckel-Bjerrum equation.

K. Gijje

K. Srinivasan

Abhishek<sup>6</sup>

Abhi

P. Srinivas

A. Padmashree



**PC-03: Quantum Chemistry- I**

15hrs

Black body radiation-Planck's concept of quantization-Planck's equation, average energy of an oscillator (derivation not required). Wave particle duality and uncertain principle- significance of these for microscopic entities. Emergence of quantum mechanics. Wave mechanics and Schroedinger wave equation.

Operators-operator algebra. Commutation of operators, linear operators. Complex functions. Hermitian operators. Operators and . Eigenfunctions and eigenvalues. Degeneracy.

Linear combination of eigenfunctions of an operator. Well behaved functions. Normalized and orthogonal functions.

**Postulates of quantum mechanics.** Physical interpretation of wave function. Observables and operators. Measurability of operators. Average values of observables. The time dependent Schrodinger equation. Separation of variables and the time-independent Schrodinger equation..

**Theorems of quantum mechanics.** Real nature of the eigen values of a Hermitian operator- significance. Orthogonal nature of the eigen values of a Hermitian operator-significance of orthogonality. Expansion of a function in terms of eigenvalues. Eigen functions of commuting operators-significance. Simultaneous measurement of properties and the uncertainty principle.

*Particle in a box-* one dimensional and three dimensional. Plots of  $\Psi$  and  $\Psi^2$ -discussion.

Degeneracy of energy levels. Comparison of classical and quantum mechanical particles.

Calculations using wave functions of the particle in a box-orthogonality, measurability of energy, position and momentum, average values and probabilities. Application to the spectra of conjugated molecules.

**PC-04: Chemical Kinetics- I**

15hrs

Theories of reaction rates : Collision theory, steric factor. Transition state theory. Reaction coordinate, activated complex and the transition state. Thermodynamic formulation of transition state theory. Activation parameters and their significance. The Eyring equation. Unimolecular reactions and Lindamann's theory.

Complex reactions- Opposing reactions, parallel reactions and consecutive reactions(all first order type). Chain reactions-general characteristics, steady state treatment. Example-  $H_2-Br_2$  reaction. Derivation of rate law.

Effect of structure on reactivity- Linear free energy relationships. Hammett and Taft equations- substituent ( $\sigma$  and  $\sigma^*$ ) and reaction constant ( $\rho$  and  $\rho^*$ ) with examples. Deviations from Hammett correlations. reasons- Change of mechanism, resonance interaction. Taft four parameter equation.

Correlations for nucleophilic reactions. The Swain – Scott equation and the Edward equation.

The reactivity-selectivity principle and the isoselectivity rule. The Hammond's postulate.

K. Srinivas  
Narasimhan  
Kiran Kumar

Apurva  
P. Srinivas  
Srinivas

A. Padmakar  
Srinivas

### References:

1. Atkin's Physical Chemistry, Peter Atkins and Julio de Paula, Oxford University press
2. Physical Chemistry, Ira N. Levine, McGraw Hill
3. Physical Chemistry-A Molecular approach, D.A. McQuarrie and J.D. Simon, Viva Books Pvt. Ltd
4. Molecular Thermodynamics, D.A. McQuarrie and J.D. Simon, University Science Books
5. Quantum Chemistry, Ira N. Levine, Prentice Hall
6. Introduction to Quantum Chemistry, A.K. Chandra, Tata McGraw Hill
7. Chemical Kinetics, K.J. Laidler, McGraw Hill
8. Kinetics and Mechanism of Chemical Transformations, J. Rajaraman and J. Kuriacose, McMillan
9. Introduction to Electrochemistry, S. Glasstone
10. Modern Electrochemistry, J. O. M. Bockris & A. K. N. Reddy, Plenum
11. Principles of physical chemistry, Samuel H. Maron and Carl F. Prutton, Oxford & IBH
12. The Physical Basis of Organic Chemistry by Howard Maskill, Oxford University Press (New York)
13. Chemical Kinetics and Reaction Mechanisms, J. H. Espenson, McGraw Hill
14. Physical Organic Chemistry, N. S. Isaacs, ELBS

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**Paper-IV: CH 104 T (ANALYTICAL TECHNIQUES and SPECTROSCOPY- I)**

ASP 01: Techniques of Chromatography

ASP 02: NMR spectroscopy-I ( $^1\text{H}$ -NMR)

ASP 03: Rotational, Vibrational and Raman spectroscopy

ASP 04: Electronic spectroscopy

**Teaching Hours = 4/week**

**Marks= 80**

**ASP-01: Techniques of Chromatography**

**15hrs**

**Introduction to Chromatography:** Classification of chromatographic techniques, differential migration rates, partition ratio, retention time, relation between partition ratio and retention time, capacity factor, selectivity factor. Efficiency of separation- resolution, diffusion, plate theory and rate theory.

**GC:** Principle, instrumentation, detectors- TCD, FID, ECD. Derivatisation techniques, PTGC.

**HPLC:** Principle, instrumentation, detectors- UV detectors, Photodiode array detector, fluorescence detector.

**Applications:** Methods of quantitation for GC and HPLC: GC analysis of hydrocarbons in a mixture, GC assay of methyl testosterone in tablets, atropine in eye drops, HPLC assay of paracetamol and aspirin in tablets.

**ASP 02: NMR spectroscopy-I ( $^1\text{H}$  NMR)**

**15hrs**

**$^1\text{H}$  NMR spectroscopy:** Magnetic properties of nuclei, Principles of NMR. Instrumentation, CW and pulsed FT instrumentation, equivalent and non-equivalent protons, enantiotopic and diastereotopic protons, Chemical shifts, factors affecting the chemical shifts, electronegativity and anisotropy, shielding and deshielding effects, signal integration, spin-spin coupling: vicinal, geminal and long range, Coupling constants and factors affecting coupling constants.

**Applications of  $^1\text{H}$  NMR spectroscopy:** Reaction mechanisms (cyclic bromonium ion, electrophilic and nucleophilic substitutions, carbocations and carbanions), *E,Z* isomers, conformation of cyclohexane and decalins, keto-enol tautomerism, hydrogen bonding, proton exchange processes (alcohols, amines and carboxylic acids), C-N rotation. Magnetic resonance imaging (MRI).

**$^1\text{H}$  NMR of organic molecules and metal complexes:** ethyl acetate, 2-butanone, mesitylene, paracetamol, aspirin, ethylbenzoate, benzyl acetate, 2-chloro propionic acid,  $[\text{HNi}(\text{OPEt}_3)_4]^+$ ,  $[\text{HRh}(\text{CN})_5]$  Rh  $I=1/2$ ,  $[\text{Pt}(\text{acac})_2]$ .

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**a). Microwave Spectroscopy:** Classification of molecules based on moment of inertia. Diatomic molecule as rigid rotator and its rotational energy levels. Selection rules (derivation not required). Calculation of bond lengths from rotational spectra of diatomic molecules. Isotope effect on rotational spectra. Calculation of atomic mass from rotational spectra. Brief description of microwave spectrometer.

**b). Vibrational Spectroscopy:** Vibrational energy levels of diatomic molecules, selection rules (derivation not required). Calculation force constant from vibrational frequency. Anharmonic nature of vibrations. Fundamental bands, overtones and hot bands, Fermi Resonance. Vibration-rotation spectra diatomic molecules. Vibrations of poly atomic molecules. Normal modes of vibration, concept of group frequencies. Characteristics of vibrational frequencies of functional groups; Stereochemical effects on the absorption pattern in carbonyl group, cis-trans isomerism and hydrogen bonding. Isotopic effect on group frequency. IR spectra of metal coordinated  $\text{NO}_3^-$ ,  $\text{SO}_4^{2-}$  and  $\text{CO}_3^{2-}$  ions.

**c). Raman Spectroscopy:** Quantum theory of Raman effect, Rotational Raman and Vibrational Raman spectra, Stokes and anti- Stokes lines. Complementary nature of IR and Ramanspectra.

#### ASP 04: Electronic spectroscopy

**Electronic spectroscopy:** Electronic spectra, Elementary energy levels of molecules-selection rules for electronic spectra, types of electronic transitions in molecules. chromophores conjugated dienes, trienes and polyenes, unsaturated carbonyl compounds, benzene, monosubstituted derivative (Ph-R), di substituted derivative ( $\text{R-C}_6\text{H}_4\text{-R}'$ ) and substituted benzenederivatives ( $\text{R-C}_6\text{H}_4\text{-COR}'$ ). Woodward-Fieser rules. Polynuclear aromatic compounds (Biphenyl, stilbene, naphthalene, anthracene, phenanthrene and pyrene). Heterocyclic systems. Absorption spectra of charge transfer complexes. Solvent and structural influences on absorption maxima, stereochemical factors. Cis-trans isomers, and cross conjugation. Beer's law application to mixture analysis and dissociation constant of a weak acid.

#### References:

1. Fundamentals of Molecular Spectroscopy, Banwell and McCash.
2. Introduction to Molecular Spectroscopy, G.M. Barrow.
3. Absorption Spectroscopy of Organic Compounds, J.R. Dyer.
4. Biochemistry: Hames and Hooper.
5. Introduction to Spectroscopy, Pavia Lampman Kriz.
6. Pharmaceutical analysis, Watson
7. NMR in Chemistry- A multinuclear introduction, William Kemp.
8. Organic Spectroscopy, William Kemp.
9. Spectroscopy of organic compounds, P.S. Kalsi.
10. Structural methods n Inorganic chemistry, E.A.V Ebsworth.

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## Paper CH 151P: Inorganic Chemistry Practicals: 6 hrs/week

### I. Calibrations:

- (i) Calibration of weights.
- (ii) Calibration of pipettes.
- (iii) Calibration of standard flasks.
- (iv) Calibration of burette.

### II. EDTA back-titrations:

- (i) Estimation of  $\text{Ni}^{2+}$ .
- (ii) Estimation of  $\text{Al}^{3+}$ .

### III. EDTA substitution titrations:

Estimation of  $\text{Ca}^{2+}$ .

### IV. Preparation of complexes:

- (i). Hexaammine nickel(II) chloride.
  - (ii). Tris(acetylacetonato)manganese.
  - (iii). Tris(ethylenediamine)nickel(II) thiosulphate.
  - (iv). Mercury tetrathiocyanatocobaltate (II).
- (i). Tetramminecopper (II) sulphate
  - (ii). Pentaammine(chloro)cobalt(III) chloride
  - (iii). Sodium trioxalato ferrate(III)

## Paper CH 152P Organic Chemistry Lab course : 6 hrs / week

### Demonstration of following Purification techniques

1. Recrystallization
2. Steam distillation
3. Sublimation

### Criteria for detection of purity of Organic molecules

Melting point, mixed melting points, boiling points

**Synthesis of the following compounds:** p-Bromoacetanilide (using Ceric ammonium nitrate and KBr), p- Bromoaniline, 2,4,6- tribromoaniline, 1,3,5-tribromobenzene, 1,2,3,4-tetrahydrocarbazole, 7-hydroxy-4-methylcoumarin, m-dinitrobenzene, m-nitroaniline, hippuric acid, azlactone, anthracene-maleicanhydride adduct, phthalimide, 2,4-dihydroxyacetophenone and dihydropyrimidinone (using Ethylacetoacetate, Benzaldehyde and Urea).

### References.

1. Text book of practical organic chemistry, Vogel
2. Text book of practical organic chemistry, Mann and Saunders.

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**Paper 153P Physical Chemistry Lab course : 6 hrs / week**

**Physical properties:** Determination of density, surface tension and viscosity of liquids

**Distribution:**

Distribution of acetic acid between n-butanol and water

Distribution of iodine between Cyclohexane and water

**Chemical kinetics:**

Acid-catalyzed hydrolysis of methyl acetate

Peroxydisulphate- I<sup>-</sup> reaction (overall order)

Oxidation of iodide ion by hydrogen peroxide- iodine clock reaction

**Conductometry:**

Titration of strong acid vs strong base

Titration of weak acid vs strong base

Determination of cell constant

Determination of dissociation constant of a weak acid

**Potentiometry:**

Titration of strong acid vs strong base

Titration of weak acid vs strong base

Determination of dissociation constant of a weak acid

Determination of single electrode potential

**Polarimetry:**

Determination of specific rotation of sucrose

Acid-catalyzed hydrolysis of sucrose (inversion of sucrose)

**Adsorption and others:**

Adsorption of acetic acid on animal charcoal or silica gel  
Determination of critical solution temperature of phenol-water system  
Effect of added electrolyte on the CST of phenol-water system

**References:**

1. Senior Practical Physical Chemistry: B.D. Khosla, V.C. Garg and A. Khosla
2. Experimental Physical Chemistry: V. Athawale and P. Mathur.
3. Practical Physical Chemistry: B. Vishwanathan and P.S. Raghavan.
4. Practical in Physical Chemistry: P.S. Sindhu
5. Advanced Practical Physical chemistr: J.B.Yadav
6. Vogel Text book of Quantitative Analysis, 6th edition, Pearson education Ltd. 2002.

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## SEMESTER –II

### Paper-I: CH 201T (INORGANIC CHEMISTRY)

IC 05: Reaction mechanisms of transition metal complexes

IC 06: Bonding in metal complexes-II

IC 07: Metal clusters

IC 08: Bio coordination chemistry

Teaching Hours = 4/week

Marks= 80

15hrs

### IC-05: Reaction mechanisms of transition metal complexes:

#### Ligand substitution reactions:

Energy profile of a reaction – Transition state or Activated Complex. Types of substitution reactions (SE, SN, SN<sup>1</sup>, SN<sup>2</sup>).

#### Ligand substitution reactions in octahedral complexes:

Aquation or Acid hydrolysis reactions, Factors effecting Acid Hydrolysis, Base Hydrolysis, Conjugate Base Mechanism, Evidences in favour of SN<sup>1</sup>CB Mechanism. Anation reactions.

#### Substitution reactions without Breaking Metal-Ligand bond.

Ligand Substitution reactions in Square-Planar complexes: Mechanism of Substitution in Square-Planar complexes- Trans-effect, Grienberg's Polarization theory and  $\pi$  - bonding theory – Applications of Trans-effect in synthesis of Pt (II) complexes.

#### Electron Transfer Reactions (or Oxidation-Reduction Reactions) in Coordination compounds:

Mechanism of One-electron Transfer Reactions: Atom (or group) Transfer or Inner Sphere Mechanism, Direct electron Transfer or Outer Sphere Mechanism, Marcus –Hush theory.

### IC-06: Bonding in Metal Complexes – II:

15hrs

Free ion terms and Energy levels: Configurations, Terms, States and Microstates – Formula for the calculation of Microstates  $p^n$  and  $d^n$  configurations – L-S ( Russel-Saunders) coupling scheme – j-j coupling scheme – Determination of terms for various  $p^n$  and  $d^n$  configurations of metal ions. Hole formalism – Energy ordering of terms (Hund's rules) Inter – electron repulsion Parameters (Racah parameters) – Spin-Orbital coupling parameters. Effect of weak cubic crystal fields on S, P, D and F terms- Orgel Diagrams.

### IC-07: Metal Clusters:

15hrs

Carbonyl clusters: Factors favouring Metal-Metal bonding – Classification of Clusters –

Low Nuclearity Clusters : M<sub>3</sub> and M<sub>4</sub> clusters, structural patterns in M<sub>3</sub>(CO)<sub>12</sub> (M=Fe, Ru, Os) and M<sub>4</sub>(CO)<sub>12</sub> ( M=Co, Rh, Ir) Clusters-. Metal carbonyl scrambling – High Nuclearity clusters M<sub>5</sub>, M<sub>6</sub>, M<sub>7</sub>, M<sub>8</sub> and M<sub>10</sub> Clusters-, Polyhedral skeletal electron pair theory and Total Electron Count theory – Wades rules – Capping rule – Structural patterns in [Os<sub>6</sub>(CO)<sub>18</sub>]<sup>2-</sup>, [Rh<sub>6</sub>(CO)<sub>16</sub>], [Os<sub>7</sub>(CO)<sub>21</sub>], [Rh<sub>7</sub>(CO)<sub>16</sub>]<sup>3-</sup>, [Os<sub>8</sub>(CO)<sub>22</sub>]<sup>2-</sup>, [Os<sub>10</sub>C(CO)<sub>24</sub>]<sup>2-</sup> and [Ni<sub>5</sub>(CO)<sub>12</sub>]<sup>2-</sup>.

Metal Halide clusters: Major structural types in Dinuclear Metal-Metal systems – Edgesharing Bioctahedra, Face sharing Bioctahedra, Tetragonal prismatic and Trigonal antiprismatic structures -. Structure and bonding in [Re<sub>2</sub>Cl<sub>8</sub>]<sup>2-</sup> and Octahedral halides of [Mo<sub>6</sub>(Cl)<sub>8</sub>]<sup>4+</sup> and [Nb<sub>6</sub>(Cl)<sub>12</sub>]<sup>2+</sup>. Trinuclear halides of Re(III). Hoffman's Isolobal analogy and its Structural Implications.

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**C-08: Bio Coordination Chemistry:**

Metal ions in Biological systems: Brief survey of metal ions in biological systems. Effect of metal ion concentration and its physiological effects. Basic principles in the biological selection of elements.

Oxygen transport and storage: Hemoglobin (Hb) and Myoglobin (Mb): Geometric, electronic and magnetic aspects of Dioxygen binding, Oxygen adsorption isotherms and Co-operativity in Hemoglobin and its physiological significance, Allosteric model (T & S states) Role of globin chain, Transport of CO<sub>2</sub>, Hemerythrin(Hr) and Hemocyanin(Hc): Structure of deoxy forms, oxygen binding, Geometric, electronic and magnetic aspects. Comparison of Hemerythrin and Hemocyanin with Hemoglobin.

Photosynthesis: Structural aspects of Chlorophyll. Photosystem I and Photosystem II. Vitamin B<sub>6</sub> model systems: Forms of vitamin B<sub>6</sub> with structures. Reaction mechanisms of (1)

Transamination (2) Decarboxylation and (3) Dealdolization in presence of metal ions.

**References:**

1. Inorganic Reaction Mechanisms. M.L.Tobe and John Burgess, Addison Wesley Longman (1999).
2. Metal ions in Reaction Mechanisms. K.Veera Reddy. Gologtia Publications (P) Ltd
3. Mechanisms of Reactions in Transition Metal Sites. Richard A Henderson, OxfordScience Publications, London (1993).
4. Inorganic Reaction Mechanisms, F.Basolo and R.G.Pearson, New York (1967).
5. Advanced Inorganic Chemistry. F.A.Cotton, G.Wilkinson, C.A.Murillo and M.Bochmann, 6 Th Edition, Wiley Interscience, N.Y (1999)
6. Inorganic Chemistry, J.E.Huheey , K.A.Keiter and R.L.Keiter 4 th Edition Harper Cottens College Publications (1993).
7. Inorganic Biochemistry Edited by G.L.Eichorn, Volume 1 Elsevier ( 1982).
8. The Chemistry of Metal Cluster Complexes. D.F.Shriver, H.D.Kaerz and R.D.Adams(Eds), VCH, NY (1990).
9. Inorganic Chemistry, Keith F.Purcell and John C.Kotz, Holt-Saunders International Editions, London (1977).
10. Bioinorganic Chemistry, I.Bertini, H.B.Gray, S.J.Lippard and S.J.Valentine, Viva Low- Priced Student Edition, New Delhi (1998).
  - a. Bioinorganic Chemistry: Inorganic Elements in the Chemistry of Life, W.Kain and B.Schwederski, John Wiley and Sons, NY (1999).
11. Bioorganic Chemistry – Dugas.

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**Paper-II: CH 202T (ORGANIC CHEMISTRY)**

OC-05: Conformational analysis -I

OC-06: Conformational analysis -II and ORD

OC-07: Reactive intermediates and Molecular rearrangements.

OC-08: Natural products (Terpenoids and Alkaloids).

**Marks= 80**

**Teaching Hours = 4/week**

**15hrs**

**OC-05: Conformational analysis - I**

Conformational diastereoisomers and conformational enantiomers -. Factors affecting the conformational stability and conformational equilibrium – attractive and repulsive interactions. Study of conformations in 1-butene, acetaldehyde, propionaldehyde and butanone. Study of conformations of cyclohexane, mono, di and polysubstituted cyclohexanes, cyclohexene, cyclohexanone (2-alkyl and 3-alkyl ketone effect), 2- halocyclohexanones, cyclopentane, cyclobutane. Conformational effects on the stability and reactivity of diastereomers in cyclic molecules and acyclic molecules-steric and stereoelectronic factors examples. Factors governing the reactivity of axial and equatorial substituents in cyclohexanes. stereochemistry of addition to the carbonyl group in a rigid cyclohexanone ring. Use of physical and spectral methods in conformational analysis.

**15hrs**

**OC-06: Conformational analysis – II and ORD**

Study of conformations in cycloheptane and cyclooctane. Stereo chemistry of bicyclo[3.3.0]octanes, hydrindanes, decalins and perhydroanthracenes. Conformational structures of piperidine, N-Methylpiperidine, tropane, tropine, pseudotropine, decahydroquinoline and quinolizidine.

**Optical Rotatory Dispersion (ORD) and CD Spectroscopy:** Optical rotation, circular birefringence, circular dichroism and cotton effect. Plain curves and anomalous curves. empirical and semiempirical rules. The axial haloketone rule, the octant rule, helicity rule. Exciton chirality method, Exciton coupling between identical chromophores. Benzene sector and chirality rule. Application of the rules to the study of absolute configuration and conformations of organic molecules.

**OC-07: Reactive intermediates and Molecular rearrangements**

**15hrs**

**Reactive Intermediates:** Generation, detection, structure, stability and reactions of carbocations, carbanions, carbenes, nitrenes and free radicals.

**Molecular rearrangements:** Definition and classification. Molecular rearrangements involving 1) electron deficient carbon: Allylic and Wolf rearrangements. 2) electron deficient Nitrogen: Hofmann, Lossen, Curtius and Schmidt 3) electron deficient Oxygen: Baeyer- Villiger oxidation. 4) Base catalysed rearrangements: Benzilic acid, Favorski, Transannular, Sommelet-Hauser and Smiles rearrangement

**OC-08: Natural products (Terpenoids and Alkaloids)**

**15hrs**

Importance of natural products as drugs, Isolation of natural products by steam distillation, solvent extraction and chemical methods. General methods in the structure determination of terpenes. Isoprene rule. Structure determination and synthesis of  $\alpha$ -terpeniol and camphor. Biogenesis of monoterpenes. Structure determination and synthesis of  $\beta$ -carotene. General methods of structure determination of alkaloids. Structure determination and synthesis of papaverine and quinine.

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### References :

1. Stereochemistry of Carbon compounds by Ernest L. Eliel / Samuel H. Wilen
2. Stereochemistry of organic compounds – Principles and Applications by D Nasipuri
3. The third dimension in organic chemistry, by Alan Bassindale
4. Stereochemistry: Conformation and Mechanism by P S Kalsi
5. Stereochemistry by V M Potapov
6. Optical rotatory dispersion by C Djerassi
7. Optical rotatory dispersion and circular dichroism by P Crabbe
8. Advanced Organic Chemistry by Jerry March
9. Mechanism and Structure in Organic Chemistry S. Mukerjee
10. Organic chemistry Vol. I and II by I.L. Finar
11. Comprehensive organic chemistry Vol. 5 D.H.R. Barton and W.D. Ollis
12. Organic Chemistry, Vol. 2 by I.L. Finar.
13. Chemistry of Natural Products by Bhat, Nagasampagi and Siva Kumar.
14. Alkaloids by K.W. Bentley.
15. Steroids and Terpenoids by Bentley.

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### Paper-III: CH 203T ( PHYSICAL CHEMISTRY)

PC-05: Thermodynamics-II & Statistical Thermodynamics  
PC-06: Photochemistry-I  
PC-07: Quantum Chemistry-II  
PC-08: Solid state chemistry

Marks= 80

Teaching Hours = 4/week

15hrs

#### PC-05: Thermodynamics-II & Statistical Thermodynamics

Ideal solutions. Thermodynamic properties of ideal solutions. Mixing quantities. Vapour pressure-Raoult's law. Thermodynamic properties of ideally dilute solutions. Vapour pressure- Henry's law.  
Nonideal systems. Concept of fugacity, fugacity coefficient. Determination of fugacity. Non ideal solutions. Activities and activity coefficients. Standard-state conventions for non ideal solutions. Determination of activity coefficients from vapour pressure measurements. Activity coefficients of nonvolatile solutes using Gibbs-Duhem equation.  
Multicomponent phase equilibrium: Vapour pressure lowering, freezing point depression and boiling point elevation.

#### Statistical Thermodynamics:

Partition Functions: Concepts of distribution and probability, Boltzmann distribution law. Interpretation of partition functions- translational, rotational, vibrational and electronic partition functions. Relationship between partition functions and thermodynamic functions (only S & G).

15hrs

#### PC-06: Photochemistry -I

Electronic transitions in molecules. The Franck Condon principle. Electronically excited molecules- singlet and triplet states. Radiative life times of excited states-theoretical treatment. Measured lifetimes. Quantum yield and its determination. Actinometry-ferrioxalate and uranyl oxalate actinometers-problems.  
Derivation of fluorescence and phosphorescence quantum yields. E-type delayed fluorescence- evaluation of triplet energy splitting( $\Delta E_{ST}$ ). Photophysical processes- photophysical kinetics of unimolecular reactions. Calculation of rate constants of various photophysical processes-problems, State diagrams, Photochemical primary processes. Types of photochemical reactions- electron transfer, photodissociation, addition, abstraction, oxidation and isomerization reactions with examples. Effect of light intensity on the rates of photochemical reactions. Photosensitization. Quenching-Stern Volmer equation. Experimental set up of a photochemical reaction. Introduction to fast reactions- Principle of flash photolysis.

15hrs

#### PC-07: Quantum chemistry-II

Cartesian, Polar and spherical polar coordinates and their interrelations.  
*Schrodinger equation for the hydrogen atom*- separation into three equations. Hydrogen like wave functions. Radial and angular functions. Quantum numbers n, l and m and their importance. The radial distribution functions. Hydrogen like orbitals and their representation. Polar plots, contour plots and boundary diagrams.  
*Many electron systems*. Approximate methods. The variation method-variation theorem and

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its proof. Trial variation function and variation integral. Examples of variational calculations. Particle in a box. Construction of trial function by the method of linear combinations. Variation parameters. Secular equations and secular determinant. *Bonding in molecules*. Molecular orbital theory-basic ideas. Construction of MOs by LCAO,  $H_2^+$  ion. The variation an integral for  $H_2^+$  ion. Detailed calculation of Wave functions and energies for the bonding and antibonding MOs. Physical picture of bonding and antibonding wave functions. Energy diagram. The MO and VB wave functions for  $H_2$  molecule and their comparison.

15hrs

### PC-08: Solid state chemistry

**Electronic properties of metals, insulators and semi conductors:** Electronic structure of solids. Band theory, band structure of metals, insulators and semiconductors. Electrons, holes and Excitons. The temperature dependence of conductivity of extrinsic semi conductors. Photo conductivity and photovoltaic effect-p-n junctions.

**Superconductivity.** Occurrence of superconductivity. Destruction of superconductivity by magnetic fields-Meisner effect. Types of superconductors. Theories of super conductivity-BCS theory.

**High temperature superconductors.** Structure of defect perovskites. High  $T_c$  superconductivity in cuprates. Phase diagram of Y-Ba-Cu-O system. Crystal structure of  $YBa_2Cu_3O_{7-x}$ . Preparation of 1-2-3 materials. Origin of high  $T_c$  superconductivity.

**Nanoparticles and their applications:** Introduction to nanoparticles. Reduced dimensionality in solids – zero dimensional systems, fullerenes, quantum dots. One dimensional systems, carbon nano tubes, preparation of nanoparticles –top down and bottom up methods. Preparation of nanomaterials- – sol gel methods, and chemical vapour deposition method; thermolysis. Characterization of nanoparticles –experimental methods – powder X-ray diffraction, transmission electron microscopy (TEM),and atomic force microscopy (AFM) ( detailed theory and instrumentation are not required).Optical properties of nanoparticles, Applications of nanoparticles.

### **References:**

1. Atkin's Physical Chemistry, Peter Atkins and Julio de Paula, Oxford University press
2. Physical Chemistry, Ira N. Levine, McGraw Hill
3. Physical Chemistry-A Molecular approach, D.A. McQuarrie and J.D. Simon, Viva Books Pvt Ltd
4. Molecular Thermodynamics, D.A. McQuarrie and J.D. Simon, University Science Books
5. Quantum Chemistry, Ira N. Levine, Prentice Hall
6. Introduction to Quantum Chemistry, A.K. Chandra, Tata McGraw Hill
7. Introduction to Solids, Leonid V. Azaroff, Tata McGraw Hill
8. Solid state Chemistry, D.K. Chakrabarthy, New Age International
9. Solid state Chemistry and its aplications, A.R. West, Plenum.
10. Fundamentals of Photochemistry, K.K.Rohtagi-Mukherji, Wiley-Eastern
11. Molecular Photochemistry, N.J. Turro, Benjamin
12. Photochemistry, R.P.Kundall and A. Gilbert, Thomson Nelson
13. Essentials of Molecular Photochemistry by A. Gilbert and J. Baggott, Blackwell Scientific Publications.
14. Organic Photochemistry by J.M.Coxon and B.Halton, Cambridge University press.
15. Introductory Photochemistry by A.Cox and T.J.Kemp. McGraw-Hill, London.
16. Principles of the Solid State, H. V. Keer, New Age International

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17. Elements of Physical Chemistry by Peter Atkins and Julio de Paula, Oxford University Press
18. Elements of Statistical Thermodynamics, L. K. Nash, Addison – Wesley
19. Introduction to Statistical Thermodynamics, T. L. Hill, Addison Wiley
20. Statistical Thermodynamics, M. C. Gupta, New Age International
21. Quantum Chemistry, D.A. McQuarrie, Prentice Hall
22. Elementary Quantum Chemistry, F. L. Pilar, McGraw Hill.
23. Nanostructured Materials and Nanotechnology, edited by Hari Singh Nalwa, Academic Press
24. Self-Assembled Nanostructures, Jin Zhang, Zhong-lin Wang, Jun Liu, Shaowei Chen & Gan-Yu-Liu, Kluwer Academic/Plenum
25. Introduction to Nanotechnology, Charles P. Poole Jr, F. J. Owens, Wiley India Pvt. Ltd.
26. The physics and chemistry of solids by Stephen Elliott, Wiley Publishers.
27. Introductory Photochemistry by A.Cox and T.J.Kemp, McGraw-Hill, London.

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**Paper-IV: CH 204 T(ANALYTICAL TECHNIQUES and SPECTROSCOPY - II)**

- ASP-05: Electro and Thermal Analytical Techniques.  
ASP-06: NMR spectroscopy-II ( $^1\text{H}$ ,  $^{19}\text{F}$  and  $^{31}\text{P}$  NMR)  
ASP-07: Mass spectrometry  
ASP-08: Photoelectron & ESR spectroscopy

Marks= 80

Teaching Hours = 4/week

15 hrs

**ASP-05: Electro and Thermal Analytical Techniques**

**I. Types and Classification of Electro analytical Methods**

- a) **D.C Polarography** : Dropping mercury electrode- Instrumentation-polarogram. Types of Currents : Residual, Migration, Limiting. Two and Three electrode assemblies. Ilkovic equation (derivation not necessary) and its consequences. Types of limiting Currents : Adsorption, Diffusion, Kinetic. Applications of polarography in qualitative and quantitative analysis. Analysis of mixtures. Application to inorganic and organic compounds. Determination of stability constants of complexes.
- b) Brief account of following techniques and their advantages over conventional d.c.polarography.  
(i) A.C.polarography (ii) Square-wave polarography (iii) Pulse polarography (iv) Differential pulse polarography
- c) **Amperometric titrations** :Principle, Instrumentation. Types and applications of amperometric titrations. Determination of  $\text{SO}_4^{2-}$ , metal ions viz.,  $\text{Mg}^{2+}$ ,  $\text{Zn}^{2+}$ ,  $\text{Cu}^{2+}$  and other substances.
- d) **Cyclic Voltammetry** : Principle, instrumentation, reversible and irreversible cyclic voltammograms. Applications. Cyclic voltammetric study of insecticide parathion.

**II: Thermal Analysis:** Thermal techniques-Introduction, types of thermo analytical methods.

Thermogravimetry principle and applications of thermogravimetry.

Differential thermalanalysis- principle and applications of DTA.

Differential scanning calorimetry. DSC: Principle and applications of DSC.

**ASP 06: NMR spectroscopy-II ( $^1\text{H}$ ,  $^{19}\text{F}$  and  $^{31}\text{P}$  NMR)**

15hrs

**$^1\text{H}$ ,  $^{19}\text{F}$ ,  $^{31}\text{P}$  and solid state NMR spectroscopy:** First order and non first order spectra e.g., AX, AX<sub>2</sub>, AX<sub>3</sub>, A<sub>2</sub>X<sub>3</sub>, AMX and AB, ABC, Simplification of complex spectra: increased field strength, deuterium exchange, Lanthanide shift reagents and double resonance techniques. Discrimination of enantiomers by use of chiral NMR solvents (CSAs), chiral lanthanide shift reagents and Mosher's acid. Nuclear Overhauser enhancement (NOE).

Fluxional molecules-bullvalene,  $[\eta^5\text{-C}_5\text{H}_5\text{M}]_n$ ,  $[\eta^5\text{-(C}_5\text{H}_5)_2\text{Ti}\eta^1\text{-(C}_5\text{H}_5)_2]$  and  $[\eta^4\text{C}_8\text{H}_8\text{Ru(CO)}_3]$ .

**$^{19}\text{F}$  NMR spectroscopy:**  $^{19}\text{F}$  chemical shifts, coupling constants. Applications of  $^{19}\text{F}$  NMR involving coupling with  $^{19}\text{F}$ ,  $^1\text{H}$  and  $^{31}\text{P}$ : 1,2 dichloro-1,1 difluoro ethane,  $\text{BrF}_3$ ,  $\text{SF}_4$ ,  $\text{PF}_5$ ,  $\text{ClF}_3$ ,  $\text{IF}_5$ ,  $\text{HF}_2^-$ .

**$^{31}\text{P}$  NMR spectroscopy:**  $^{31}\text{P}$  chemical shifts, coupling constants. Applications of  $^{31}\text{P}$  NMR involving coupling with  $^{31}\text{P}$ ,  $^{19}\text{F}$ ,  $^1\text{H}$  and  $^{13}\text{C}$ : ATP,  $\text{Ph}_3\text{PSe}$ ,  $\text{P}_4\text{S}_3$ ,  $\text{P(OCH}_3)_3$ ,  $\text{H}_3\text{PO}_4$ ,  $\text{H}_3\text{PO}_3$ ,  $\text{H}_3\text{PO}_2$ ,  $\text{HPF}_2$ ,  $\text{PF}_6^-$ ,  $\text{PH}_3$ ,  $[\text{Rh(PPh}_3)_3\text{Cl}]$  Rh I=1/2

Introduction to solid state NMR: Magic angle spinning (MAS). Applications of solid state NMR.

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**ASP 07: Mass spectrometry****15hrs**

Origin of mass spectrum, principles of EI mass spectrometer. Types of fragments: odd electron and even electron containing neutral and charged species (even electron rule), Nitrogen rule, isotopic peaks, determination of molecular formula, metastable ion peaks. High resolution mass spectrometry. Salient features of fragmentation pattern of organic compounds including  $\beta$ -cleavage, McLafferty rearrangement, retro Diels – Alder fragmentation and ortho effect. Principle of EI, CI, Fast Atom Bombardment (FAB), Secondary Ion Mass Spectrometry (SIMS), Electrospray (ESI) ionization and Matrix Assisted Laser Desorption Ionization (MALDI) methods. Introduction to principle and applications of Gas Chromatography-Mass Spectrometry (GC-MS) and Liquid chromatography-Mass Spectrometry (LC-MS) techniques.

**ASP-08: Photoelectron & ESR spectroscopy****15hrs**

**Photoelectron Spectroscopy:** Principle and Instrumentation, Types of Photoelectron spectroscopy – UPS & XPS Binding Energies, Koopman's Theorem, Chemical Shifts. Photoelectron Spectra of Simple Molecules:  $N_2$ ,  $O_2$ ,  $F_2$ ,  $CO$ ,  $HF$ ,  $NH_3$  and  $H_2O$  - Vibrational Structure of PES Bands, Potential energy curves, Interpretation of Vibrational spectral data for ionized ( $M^+$ ) species, Prediction of Nature of Molecular Orbitals. ESCA in qualitative analysis, Principles of Auger electron spectroscopy.

**Electron Spin Resonance** Introduction, principle, instrumentation, selection rules, interpretation of Lande's factor 'g'. Hyperfine and super hyperfine Coupling. Anisotropy in 'g' values and hyperfine coupling constants. Zero field splitting, Kramer's degeneracy, quadrupolar interactions. Study of free radicals and transition metal complexes. Evidence for covalency in complexes, ex.  $Cu(II)$  Bissacetylaldimine, Bis-acetylacetonatovanadyl(II) and hexachloroiridium(IV) complexes.

**References:**

1. Spectroscopic identification of organic compounds by R.M. Silverstein and F.X. Webster.
2. Organic spectroscopy by William Kemp
3. Mass Spectrometry for Chemists and biochemists by M. Rose and R.A. W. Johnstone
4. Spectroscopic methods in organic chemistry by D.H. Williams and I. Fleming
5. Practical Pharmaceutical Chemistry by A. H. Beckett and J.B. Stenlake
6. Biological Mass Spectrometry by A.L. Burlingame
7. Principles and Practice of Biological Mass Spectrometry by Chhabil Das
8. Spectroscopic identification of organic compounds by R.M.Silverstein. G.C.Bassler and T.E.Morrill
9. NMR-A multinuclear introduction by William Kemp
10. Stereochemistry of Carbon compounds by Ernest L Eliel / Samuel H. Wilen
11. Principles of Polarography, Heyrovsky.
12. Principles of Polarography, Kapoor.
13. Modern Electroanalytical methods, edited by C.Charlot, Elsevier Company.
14. Principles of Instrumental analysis, Skoog, Holler and Nieman, Harcourt Asia PTE Ltd.
15. Analytical Chemistry-An Introduction, Skoog, West, Holler and Crouch, Saunders college Publishing.
16. Principles of Instrumental Analysis, Skoog and Leary, Saunders College Publishing.
17. International series of Monographs, Vol. 53: Photoelectron Spectroscopy, Edited by D. Becker and D. Betteridge 1972.
18. Structural methods in inorganic chemistry, E.A.V. Ebsworth.

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## Paper CH 251P : Inorganic chemistry<sup>2</sup> practicals: 6 hrs/ week

### **I. One component gravimetric estimations. (Use of sintered glass crucible)**

- (i) Estimation of  $Zn^{2+}$ .
- (ii). Estimation of  $Ba^{2+}$ .

### **II. Analysis of Two component mixtures:**

- (i). Separation of  $Ni^{2+}$  and  $Cu^{2+}$  in a mixture and estimation of  $Ni^{2+}$  (gravimetric) and  $Cu^{2+}$  (volumetric).
- (ii). Separation of  $Ag^+$  and  $Ca^{2+}$  in a mixture and estimation of  $Ag^+$  (gravimetric) and  $Ca^{2+}$  (volumetric).
- (iii). Separation of  $Al^{3+}$  and  $Fe^{3+}$  in a mixture and estimation of  $Al^{3+}$  (gravimetric) and  $Fe^{3+}$  (volumetric).

### **III. Analysis of three component mixtures:**

- (i). Separation of ( $Fe^{2+}$  and  $Ni^{2+}$ ) from Zinc ( $Zn^{2+}$ ) in the given mixture and estimation of Zinc (Gravimetric).
- (ii). Separation of ( $Ni^{2+}$  and  $Cu^{2+}$ ) from  $Mg^{2+}$  in the given mixture and estimation of  $Mg^{2+}$  (Gravimetric).

### **IV. Ion exchange methods of analysis:**

- (i). Determination of capacity of an ion exchange resin.
- (ii). Separation of Zinc and Magnesium on an anion exchange resin and estimation of  $Mg^{2+}$  and  $Zn^{2+}$ .

### **Suggested Books :**

1. Text book of Quantitative Inorganic Analysis by A.I.Vogel, 3<sup>rd</sup> edition, ELBS 1969.
2. Vogel's text book of Quantitative Inorganic analysis. Jeffery et al, 4<sup>th</sup> edition, ELBS 1988.
3. Vogel's text book of Quantitative Inorganic Analysis. 6<sup>th</sup> edition, Pearson education Ltd. 2002.
4. Practical Inorganic chemistry By G.Marr and R.W.Rockett 1972.
5. Experimental Inorganic/Physical Chemistry – An Investigative integrated approach to Practical Project work. By Mounir A.Malati, 1999.
6. Advanced experimental Inorganic chemistry by. Ayodhya Singh.
7. Practical Inorganic Chemistry by G.Pass & H. Sutchiffe, 2<sup>nd</sup> edn John Wiley & Sons.

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*S. K. S.* *orshu*

## Paper CH 252P : Organic Chemistry Lab: 6 hrs / week

Systematic qualitative analysis of organic compounds

Physical data: BP / MP, Ignition test, Lassaigne's test – detection of Nitrogen, Sulphur and halogens.  
Solubility test for classification. Functional groups tests, Preparation of crystalline derivatives and determination of their melting points and correlation with reported data.

Study of a minimum **10** compounds covering different functional groups and solubility pattern.  
Glucose, benzoic acid, 2-chloro benzoic acid, anisic acid, p-nitrobenzoic acid, p-cresol, chlorophenol,  $\beta$ -naphthol, aniline, o/m/p-chloroanilines, N-methylaniline/N-ethylaniline, N,N-dimethyl aniline, benzamide, acetanilide, benzaldehyde, anisaldehyde, acetophenone, benzophenone, ethylbenzoate, methylbenzoate, nitrobenzene, chlorobenzene, bromobenzene, naphthalene, biphenyl and anthracene.

**Introduction to structural elucidation of organic compounds by (IR, UV,  $^1\text{H}$  NMR and Mass) Spectral data.**

### References

1. Text book of practical organic chemistry, Vogel
2. Text book of practical organic chemistry, Mann and Saunders.
3. Spectral identification of organic compounds Bassler, Silverstein 5<sup>th</sup> Edition.

K. Gopinath  
Narasimhan

Kiranrao

Deepak  
P. K. Srinivas

A. Padmashri  
S. S. Srinivas

**Paper CH 253P : Physical Chemistry Lab: 6 hrs /week**

**Distribution:**

- 1) Distribution of  $I_2$  between hexanes / cyclo hexanes /  $CCl_4$  and aq.KI solution- calculation of equilibrium constant.
- 2) Study of complex formation between ammonia and metal ion

**Chemical Kinetics**

- 1) Stoichiometry of peroxydisulphide- iodide reaction
- 2) Peroxydisulphide- iodide reaction: order w.r.t  $[I^-]$  by isolation method
- 3) Peroxydisulphide- iodide reaction: order w.r.t  $[S_2O_8^{2-}]$  by initial rate method

**Conduometry:**

- 1) Titration of a mixture of strong and weak acids vs strong base
- 2) Determination of the hydrolysis constant of aniline hydrochloride
- 3) Determination of solubility product

**Potentiometry:**

- 1) Titration of  $Fe^{+2}$  vs  $Cr_2O_7^{2-}$  (redox titration)
- 2) Titration of  $Cl^-$  vs  $Ag^+$  (precipitation titration)
- 3) Determination of solubility product

**Polarimetry:**

- 1) Determination of specific rotation of glucose and fructose
- 2) Enzyme catalysed inversion of sucrose

**Colorimetry:**

- 1) Verification of Beer's law and calculation of molar absorption coefficient using  $CuSO_4$  and  $KMnO_4$  solutions

**pH metry:**

- 1) Calibration of a pH meter and measurement of pH of different solutions
- 2) Preparation of phosphate buffers
- 3) Titration of strong acid vs strong base

**References:**

1. Senior Practical Physical Chemistry: B.D. Khosla, V.C. Garg and A. Khosla
2. Experimental Physical Chemistry: V. Athawale and P. Mathur.
3. Practical Physical Chemistry: B. Vishwanathan and P.S. Raghavan.
4. Practical in Physical Chemistry: P.S. Sindhu
5. Advanced Practical Physical chemistr: J.B.Yadav
6. Vogel Text book of Quantitative Analysis, 6th edition, Pearson education Ltd. 2002.

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Mozzikh  
Kinnaman

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Opal  
Gibson

P. Kuro

A. Padmashri  
Dishu