Faculty of Social Sciences, Palamuru University

B.A. CBCS COURSE STRUCTURE w.e.f. 2019-20

SUBJECT: SOCIOLOGY

Sl.No.	Code	Course Title	HPW	Credits	Exam Hrs	Marks
(1)	(2)	(3)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
		SEMESTER – I				
1.	ELS1	English (First Language)	4	4		
2.	SLS1	Second Language	4	4		
3.	AEC1	Environmental Science/				
		Basic Computer Skills	2	2		
4.	DSC101		5	5	3 hrs	80U+20I
5.	DSC102					
			5	5	3 hrs	80U+20I
6.	DSC103	Fundamentals of Sociology	5	5	3 hrs	80U+20I
		Total	25	25		
		SEMESTER - II				
7.	ELS2	English (First Language)	4	4		
8.	SLS2	Second Language	4	4		
9.	AEC2	Basic Computer Skills/				
		Environmental Science	2	2		
10.	DSC201		5	5	3 hrs	80U+20I
11.	DSC202		5	5	3 hrs	80U+20I
12.	DSC203	Indian Society: Structure and Change	5	5	3 hrs	80U+20I
		Total	25	25		
		SEMESTER - III				
13.	ELS3	English (First Language)	3	3		
14.	SLS3	Second Language	3	3		
15.	SEC1	Project Planning and Report Writing	2	2	1 ½ hrs	40U+10I
16.	SEC2	Applied Sociology	2	2	1 ½ hrs	40U+10I
17.	DSC301		5	5	3 hrs	80U+20I
18.	DSC302		5	5	3 hrs	80U+20I
19.	DSC303	Rural and Urban Sociology	5	5	3 hrs	80U+20I
		Total	25	25		
		SEMESTER – IV				
20.	ELS4	English (First Language)	3	3		
21.	SLS4	Second Language	3	3		
22.	SEC3	Rural Development and Management				
			2	2	1 ½ hrs	40U+10I
23.	SEC4	NGO Management				
			2	2	1 ½ hrs	40U+10I
24.	DSC401		5	5	3 hrs	80U+20I
25.	DSC402		5	5	3 hrs	80U+20I
26.	DSC403	Research Methodology	5	5	3 hrs	80U+20I
		Total	25	25		
		SEMESTER – V				
27.	ELS1	English (First Language)	3	3		
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28.	SLS4	Second Language	3	3		
29.	GE	Social Issues, Policies and Development	4	4	3 hrs	80U+20I
30.	DSE501 A					
	В		5	5	3 hrs	80U+20I
	C					
31.	DSE502 A		077. 479./			50T+35
	В		3T+4P/	_	2.1	P+ 15I/ 80U+20I
22	DCEEO2 A	Cocials are of Davidson want	5	5	3 hrs	000+201
32.	DSESUS A	Sociology of Development	5	5	3 hrs	80U+20I
	C	Social Stratification and Social Mobility Social Anthropology	J	3	3 1113	000+201
		Total	27/25	25		80U+20I
		SEMESTER - VI	21/23	23		0001201
33.	ELS6	English (First Language)	3	3		
34.	SLS6	Second Language	3	3		
35.	PR	Project Report (or)	4T	4	3 hrs	80U+20I
			2T+4R	4	1 ½ hrs	40U+10I
	DODICO A	Gender and Society				35R+15VV
36.	DSE601 A			_	0.1	0011 001
	B		5	5	3 hrs	80U+20I
0=	DCE(02.4					FOTT 25
37.	DSE602 A B		277.477/			50T+35 P+ 15I/
	C		3T+4P/ 5	5	3 hrs	80U+20I
38.	DSEGUSA	Industrial Sociology	J	5	3 111 8	300.201
30.	B	Political Sociology				
	Č	Medical Sociology	5	5	3 hrs	80U+20I
		Total	29/27	25	0 1110	300.201
		GRAND TOTAL	156/	150		
			152			

ELS: English Language Skill; SLS: Second Language Skill; AEC: Ability Enhancement Compulsory Course; SEC: Skill Enhancement Course; DSC: Discipline Specific Course; DSE: Discipline Specific Elective; GE: Generic Elective; T: Theory; P: Practical; I: Internal Exam U: University Exam: PR: Project Report; VV: Viva-Voce Examination.

Note: i) A student should opt for either <u>a or b or c of DSE Groups</u> in V and VI Semesters. ii) Project work should be done by a <u>group of 4</u> students.

SUMMARY OF CREDITS

Sl. No.	Course Category	No. of Courses	Credits Per Course	Credits
1	English Language	6	4/3	20
2	Modern Language	6	4/3	20
3	AEC	2	2	4
4	SEC	4	2	8
5	GE	1	4	4
6	Project Report	1	4	4
7	DSC	12	5	60
8	DSE	6	5	30
	TOTAL	38		150

PAPER-DSC103: FUNDAMENTALS OF SOCIOLOGY

(Discipline Specific Course)

1. Introduction to Sociology

- a) French and Industrial Revolutions Origin and Emergence of Sociology
- b) Definition, Nature and Scope of Sociology and its relationship with other Sciences.
- c) Sociology as Discipline, Scientific Method, Methods and Tools used in Sociology

2. Basic Concepts

- a) Society, Community, Association, Institution
- b) Social Group: Its typologies Primary, Secondary, In and Out Groups, Vertical and Horizontal, Geminschaft and Geshellschaft, Peer Group and Reference group
- c) Social Structure Social System Social Organization Social Norms, Values and Customs

3. Culture, Sociological Processes and Institutions

- a) Culture: Definition Elements of Culture, Cultural Relativity; Cultural Lag, Acculturation, Enculturization, Ethnocentricism, Xenocentricism
- b) Socio-cultural Process: Associative and Dissociative Processes Socialization: Definition, Stages, Types, Agencies and Theories CH Cooley, GH Mead, Sigmund Freud
- c) Social Institutions: Marriage, Family, Kinship, Religion and Political Systems
- d) Social Control: Formal and Informal Agencies
- e) Social Stratification and Mobility Forms Caste Class, Gender Estate, Social Change: Meaning, Factors and Theories

4. Sociological Perspectives

- a) Structural-Functional
- b) Conflict
- c) Symbolic and Interactionist Perspective
- d) Phenomenology and Ethnomethodology

5. Sociological Thinkers:

- a) August Comte: Positivism, Hierarchy of Sciences, Social Static and Dynamics, Social Progress.
- b) Herbert Spencer: Organic View of Analogy, Societal Evolution,
- c) Karl Marx- Historical Materialism, Mode of Production, Alienation, Class Struggle.
- d) Emile Durkheim: Division of labour, Social Fact, Suicide, Religion and Society.
- e) Max Weber: Social Action, Ideal Types, Authority, Bureaucracy, Protestant Ethics and the Spirit of Capitalism.

References:

CN Shankar Rao (2008): Sociology: Principles of Sociology with an Introduction to Social Thoughts, S.Chand Publications, New Delhi.

Anthony Giddens (2017): Sociology, Atlantic Publishers & Distributors Pvt Ltd

Alex Inkeles (1979): What Is Sociology?: An Introduction to the Discipline and Profession, Prentice Hall India Learning Private Limited

PAPER- DSC203: INDIAN SOCIETY: STRUCTURE AND CHANGE

(Discipline Specific Course)

1. Perspectives on the study of Indian society:

- a) Indological/Textual Manu, Dumont, Ghurye
- b) Structural-Functionalism M.N. Srinivas, S.C. Dube
- c) Marxist Perspective: DP Mukherjee, A.R. Desai,
- d) Civilization Approach: NK Bose, Surajit Sinha
- e) Subaltern Perspective: Phule, BR Ambedkar, David Hardiman

2. Historical Mooring of the Indian Society

- a) Traditional Hindu Social Organisation and Vedic Indian Society- Ashrama Dharma, Pursharthas
- b) Emergence of Buddhism, Advent of Islam and Europe Colonization
- c) Cultural Assimilation and Unity in Diversity in India

3. Social Structure

- a) Rural and Agrarian Social Structure
- b) Caste System:Perspectives on the study of caste systems, Features of caste system. Untouchability forms and perspectives.
- c) Tribal communities in India
- d) Social Classes in India: Agrarian Class Structure, Industrial Class Structure. Middle classes in India.
- e) Family, Marriage and Kinship in India.
- f) Religious Compositions in India –Communalism, Social Tensions, Religious Revivalism, Problems of Religious Minorities.

4. Social Change in India

- a) Vision of Social Change in India: Idea of Development Planning and Mixed Economy -Constitution, Law and Social Change - Education and Social Change- Green Revolution and Social Change
- b) Industrialisation and Urbanisation
- c) Social Movements in Modern India: Peasant, Tribal, Backward Class, Dalit and Women

5. Challenges for Social Transformation:

- a) Crisis of Development: Displacement and Environmental Issues Question of Rehabilitation and Sustainability.
- b) Social Problems in India: Poverty, Violence against women, Caste and Ethnic Conflicts, Illiteracy and Disparities in Education, Unemployment and Youth Unrest, Corruption etc

- 1. Yogesh Atal (2016): Indian Society: Structure and Change: Continuity and Change, Pearson Education India
- 2. Ram Ahuja (1999): Society in India: Concepts, Theories and Recent Trends, Rawat Publications, Jaipur
- 3. CN Shankar Rao (2006): Sociology of Indian Society, S.Chand Publications, New Delhi
- 4. BK Nagla (2012):Indian Sociological Thought, Rawat Publications, Jaipur

PAPER - SEC1: PROJECT PLANNING AND REPORT WRITING

(Skill Enhancement Course)

<u>Unit-I:</u> Project: Meaning – Design/Typology - Project Life Cycle - Project Workplan -

Timeframe – Budgeting. Source of Data - Methods and Tools of Data Collection - Data Classification and Analysis – Drawing Inferences. Project Monitoring and

Appraisal/Evaluation.

<u>Unit-II</u>: Report Writing: Purpose, Audience, Format and Deadline; Selecting and

Organizing Material - Classifying Writing Notes, Information Sequence - Ordering - Headings. Tones and Styles - Review and Peer Review - Plagiarism -

Project Publishing – Checklists/Appendices.

- 1. Lawrence Nueman Social Research Methods, Pearson Publications, Delhi
- 2. David Evans et al (2014): How to Write a Better Thesis, Springer, Berlin.
- 3. Janathan Anderson, Berry H. Durston and Millicent Poole (1971): Thesis and Assignment Writing, Wiley Eastern Private Limited, New Delhi
- 4. Kathryn G. Herr & Gary L. Anderson The Action Research Dissertation: A Guide for Students and Faculty, Sage Publications, New Delhi.
- 5. John W Creswell -Research Design: Qualitative, Quantitative and Mixed Methods Approaches, Sage Publications.
- 6. Fred Pyrczak Making Sense of Statistics: A Conceptual Overview, Pyrczak Publishing, Glendale, CA
- 7. Fred Pyrczak Writing Research Reports: A Basic Guide for Students of the Social and Behavioral Sciences, Pyrczak Publishing, Glendale, CA
- 8. Peg Boyle Single Demystifying Dissertation Writing: A Streamlined Process from Choice of Topic to Final Text, Stylus Publishing, VA, USA

PAPER – SEC2: APPLIED SOCIOLOGY

(Skill Enhancement Course)

Unit-I: Introduction to Applied Sociology:

Sociological Imagination - Understanding People as Clients - - Creative Collaboration - Professional Partnerships - Arenas, Settings, Themes and Issues in Counselling:

Arenas: a) Individual Counselling, b) couples Counselling,

c) Family Counselling, d) Counselling in Groups

Settings: as Private Practice - at Voluntary Organization - as Personal Social Service - in Medical or Healthcare settings - in Education - at Workplace - for Professional or Organizational Growth - Brief and time-limited couselling.

Themes: a) Counselling and gender; b) counselling and caste/religion, c) counselling and sexual orientation; d) career counselling and guidance; e) counselling in the context of redundancy and unemployment; f) counselling, death and bereavement; g) counselling people with disabilities/chronic illness; h) counselling people with alcohol and drug problems, i) counselling for trauma and post–traumatic disorder

Issues: a) Research and evaluation in counselling; b) counsellor-client exploitation; c) professional issues in counselling

Unit-II: Doing Counselling:

Distinguishing Academic and Applied Sociology – Clinical Sociology, Social Engineering and Public Sociology.

The foundation skills for Counselling: The Beginning Stage: Exploration, Contracting and Assessment - The Middle Stage: Reassessment and Challenging - The Ending Stage: Action and Closure

References:

Gouldner, Alvin W. and S. M. Miller (1965): Applied Sociology; Opportunities and Problems. New York: Free Press.

Roger A. Straus (1994): Using Sociology: An Introduction from the Applied and Clinical Perspectives, General Hall,

Perlstadt, H. (2007): 'Applied Sociology', pp. 342-352 in C. D. Bryant and D. L. Peck (Eds) 21st Century Sociology: A Reference Handbook. Thousand Oaks: Sage Publications.

Olsen, M.E., and M. Micklin (1981): Handbook of AppliedSociology. New York: Praeger.

L.F. Ward (2015): Applied Sociology, Nine Books (First edition), ISBN: 978-9352290574

PAPER- DSC303: RURAL AND URBAN SOCIOLOGY

(Discipline Specific Course)

1. Rural and Urban Sociology

- a) Meaning, Importance, Nature and Scope of Rural and Urban Sociology
- b) Rural and Urban Communities: Characteristics
- c) Rural-Urban Continuum
- d) Concept of Settlement: Village, Town, City

2. Social Structure of Villages:

- a) Caste System, Jajmani System, Caste based Segregation,
- b) Agrarian Social Structure and Emerging Class Structure in Rural India
- c) Caste and Class
- d) Gram Swaraj, Panchayat Raj
- e) Impact of Green Revolution and Land Reforms in India
- f) Migration: Push Factors, Rural to Urban
- g) Rural Development and Poverty Alleviation Programmes
 - CDP, IRDP, SGSY, MGNREGS, NRLM

3. Urbanization as a Process

- a) Impact of Industrialization on Urbanization in India
- b) Urban Areas: Definition, Types and Growth
- c) Urbanism as a Way of Life
- d) Migration: Pull Factors, Urban to Urban

4. Urban Ecology

a) Theories of City Growth: Central Place Theory, Concentric Zone Model, Hoyt Sector Theory, Multiple Nuclei Theory

5. City Planning, Practices and Problems

- a) Urban Problems: Over-Population, Housing, Slums, Unemployment, Environmental Pollution, Traffic Congestion, Urban Poverty, Education, Health
- b) Urban Development Programmes: JNNURM, SSRY, Smart Cities Project
- c) Urban Planning: Principles and Practices
- d) Role of a Sociologist in Country and Town Planning

- 1. A.R. Desai (2011), Rural Sociology in India, Popular Prakashan Ltd, New Delhi
- 2. Surinder S. Jodhka (2018): A Handbook of Rural India, Orient Blackswan Private Limited, Hyderabad.
- 3. Partha Sarathi De (2012): Rural Sociology, Pearson Publications
- 4. KL Sharma (2013): Readings in Indian Sociology, Sage India Publications, New Delhi
- 5. SL Doshi (1999): Rural Sociology, Rawat Publication, Jaipur
- 6. Rajendra Kumar Sharma (2002): Urban Sociology, Atlantic Publications
- 7. Ramachandran R (1997): Urbanizatiion and Urban Systems in India, Oxford University Press (India)
- 8. Rangwala (2015): Town Planning, Charotar Book Distributors, Anand (GJ)
- 9. MSA Rao (1991): Reader in Urban Sociology, Orient Blackswan Private Limited, Hyderabad.
- 10. Sujata Patel & Kushal Deb (2009): Urban Studies, Oxford University Press (India)

PAPER - SEC3: RURAL DEVELOPMENT AND MANAGEMENT

(Skill Enhancement Course)

Unit-I:

Concepts and Theories of Rural Development – Rural Development: Planning, Polices and Strategies - Rural Development Approaches during Pre-Independence viz Martandam Experiment, Sriniketan Experiment, Gurgaon Experiment, Gandhian Experiment, Bhoodan and Gramdan and other important Experiments. Post-Independence: Different Approaches taken by the Governments for Rural Development – Adopted Villages, Model Villages – Rural Development and Five Year Planning -Development of Weaker Sections in Rural Areas.

Unit-II:

Rural Development Management: Principles, Techniques and Practices – Planning, Organization Structure and Design - Motivation and Leadership - Management Control and Managerial Decision Making - Management of Rural Institutions; Rural Marketing Management: Rural Credit, Micro-Finance – Self-Help Groups – Cooperative Bodies - Social Audit.

References:

Katar Singh & Anil Shishodia (2016): Rural Development: Principles, Policies, and Management, Sage Publications, New Delhi.

Manie Ahuja (2013): Rural Development: Indian Context, Gullybaba Publishing House, Delhi.

MRD-103: Rural Development Planning and Management, Gullybaba Publishing House, Delhi.

Krishnamacharyulu (2010): Rural Marketing: Text and Cases, Pearson Education, New Delhi.

KB Gupta et al (2005): Rural Management, CBS Publication, Delhi

Dinesh Kumar & Punam Gupta (2017): Rural Marketing: Challenges and Opportunities, Sage Publications, New Delhi.

Stephen P. Robbins et al (2016): Fundamentals of Management, Pearson Education, New Delhi.

Newaz Ahmed Chowdhury (2010): Rural Development Management by Village Based Co-Operative Society, LAP Lambert Academic Publishing, Saarbrücken, Germany.

PAPER – SEC4: NGO MANAGEMENT

(Skill Enhancement Course)

Unit-I:

Concept of Volunteerism: Charity, Welfare and Development - Non-Governmental Organization (NGO): Its Characteristics, Types, Functions, Approaches and Models – Legal Framework for Establishment of NGO - Vision, Mission and Goals of NGOs - Resource Mobilization: Methods and Techniques of Fund Raising - Rules and Regulations of Income Tax Exemption (80-G, 12-A, & 35AC) - Foreign Contributions and Regulation Act (FCRA).

Unit-II:

NGO Management: Staffing, Recruiting, Induction and Training - Office Procedure and Documentation - Basics of Accounting - Budgeting. Project Management: Identification - Need Assessment - Problem Tree - Formulation Project Proposal - Project Appraisal: Technical, Economic and Financial Feasibility. Project Management in NGO: Projects Implementation, Monitoring and Evaluation (PERT, CPM, PRA/PLA, SWOT).

References:

Clark John. (1991): Voluntary Organizations: Their Contribution to Development. London: Earth Scan.

Jain R.B. (1995): NGOs in Development Perspective. New Delhi: Vivek Prakasan

Sakararan and Rodrigues. (1983): Handbook for the Management of Voluntary Organization. Madras: Alfa

Joel S.G.R Bhose. (2003): NGOs and Rural Development Theory and Practice. New Delhi: Concept.

Julie Fisher. (2003): Non-Governments – NGOs and the Political Development of the Third World. New Delhi: Rawat

Ginsbery Leon. H. (2001): Social Work Evaluation – Principles and Methods. Singapore: Allyn and Bacon.

PAPER – DSC403: RESEARCH METHODOLOGY

(Discipline Specific Course)

1. Social Research:

- a) Theory and Research -Concepts, Construct, Values, Hypothesis Scientific Method, Subjectivity vs Objective Debate, Value Neutrality.
- b) Meaning, Definitions and Characteristics of Social Research
- c) Types of Research: Pure and Applied Qualitative and Quantitative Cross-sectional and Time Series.
- d) Purpose of Research: Exploratory, Descriptive and Explanatory
- e) Major Steps in Social Research.

2. Quantitative and Qualitative Research:

a) Research Design – Aims and Importance – Types of Research Design – Exploratory Design –Descriptive Design – Experimental design – Their Advantages and Disadvantages.

3. Sampling Techniques:

- a) Universe/Population, Characteristics of Sample, Criteria for Sample Size Sample Size Formulas.
- b) Sampling Design: Probability and Non-Probability Methods Sampling Errors.

4. Tools and Methods of Data Collection:

- a) Observation, Interview, Case Study, Focus Group Study, Content Analysis, PRA/PLA
- b) Interview Schedule, Questionnaire, Survey Format.

5. Data Processing, Classification, Tabulation and Report Writing.

- a) Social Statistics their Importance, Types and Usages.
- b) Frequency Distribution Tables Diagrammatic and Graphic Representation of Data.
- c) Measures of Central Tendency: Mean, Median, Mode
- d) Research Report Writing Purpose, Audience Format, Tones & Styles (Citation & References)

- 1. Lawrence Nueman Social Research Methods, Pearson Publications, Delhi
- 2. OR Krishnaswamy Research Methodology, Himalaya Publishing House, Hyderabad.
- 3. C R Kotari Research Methodology: Methods and Techniques, New Age International Publishers, New Delhi
- 4. Fred Pyrczak Making Sense of Statistics: A Conceptual Overview, Pyrczak Publishing, Glendale, CA
- 5. Ram Ahuja (2001): Research Methodology, Rawat Publications, New Delhi/Jaipur
- 6. Ranjit Kumar (2014): Research Methodology, Sage Publications, New Delhi
- 7. Willie Tan (2017): Research Methods: A Practical Guide For Students and Researchers, World Scientific Publishing Company Pvt. Ltd., Willie Tan, NUS, Singapore.
- 8. Kakali Bhattacharya (2017): Fundamentals of Qualitative Research, Routledge, London

PAPER-GE: SOCIAL ISSUES, POLICIES AND DEVELOPMENT

(Generic Elective)

1. Understanding Social Issues

- a) **Social Issues:** Illiteracy, Untouchability, Casteism, Communalism, Violence against Women, Child Labour, Bonded Labour, Caste Conflicts, Poverty, Unemployment
- b) Developmental Issues: Regional Imbalances, Environmental Degradation, Displacement

2. Understanding Social Policy

- a) Social Policy: Concept, Significance and Implementation
- b) National Polices for Women, Children, Scheduled Castes, Scheduled Tribes, OBC, Minorities, Aged and Disabled.

3. Social Development and Human Development:

- a) Concept of Social Development, its Theories and Models
- b) Perspectives on Social Development: Rightist, Marxist, Subaltern and Feminist
- c) Approaches and Strategies for Social Development: Growth with Equity, Minimum Needs and Quality of Life.
- d) Concept of Human Development and its Indicators and Models

4. Welfare Schemes

- a) Constitutional Safeguards for SC, ST, OBC, Women, Minorities, Children, Aged and Disabled
- b) National and State Level Welfare Schemes for SC, ST, OBC (BC), Minorities, Aged and Disabled

Contemporary Concerns Related to Social and Human Development

- a) Globalization, Human Development, Sustainable Development
- b) Problems of Social and Human Development in India.
- c) Overview of Human Development Reports with special reference to India

- 1. Midgle, James, Social Development, Delhi Sage Publications, 1995.
- 2. Titmus Richard M. Social Policy, London, George Allen & Unwin Ltd., 1974.
- 3. Sharma, P.N. & Shastri C., Social Planning, Lucknow, Print House (India) 1984.
- 4. Singh, R.R., Whither Social Development? New Delhi, ASSWI, 1995.
- 5. Bhat K.S. ed, Towards Social Development, Delhi, Rawat Publications, 2008.
- 6. Sachs Jeffry D., The End of Poverty, London, Delhi Penguin Books, 2005.
- 7. UNDP, Human Development, Report 2010, Delhi, Oxford University Press, 2011.
- 8. ICSD, Social Development Issues, Lombard IL, International Consortium for Social Development, 2006, Volume 28, 2006 Number 3.
- 9. Sen Amartya, The Idea of Justice, London, Penguin Books, 2009

Paper – DSE503 (A): SOCIOLOGY OF DEVELOPMENT

(Disciple Specific Elective)

1. Conceptual Perspective on Development

- a) Concept of Change, Progress and Development
- b) Economic Growth
- c) Human Development
- d) Social Development
- e) Sustainable Development: Ecological and Social

2. Theories of Development

- a) Liberal Theories: Max Weber, Gunnar Myrdal
- b) Economic Theory: Karl Marx
- c) Dependency Theories: Frank's Centre-Periphery theory, Samir Amin's Underdevelopment theory, Wallerstein's World System theory

3. Paths of Development

- a) Capitalist
- b) Socialist
- c) Mixed Model
- d) Gandhian

4. Social Structures and Development

- a) Social Structure as a facilitator / inhibitor
- b) Development and Socio-Economic Disparities
- c) Gender and Development.
- d) Culture as an aid / impediment in Development.

5. Development Issues in India

- a) Development Induced Displacement: SEZ, Dams, Industries
- b) Issues in Resettlement and Rehabilitation
- c) Development Planning and Policies: Industrial, Education, Agriculture, Health, Rural and Tribal Development

- 1. Sheobahal Singh (2011): Sociology of Development, Rawat Publications, Jaipur
- 2. GPH Panel of Experts (2018): Sociology of Development, Gullybaba Publishing House Pvt. Ltd.;
- 3. J. Timmons Roberts and Amy Bellone Hite (1999): From Modernization to Globalization: Perspectives on Development and Social Change, Wiley-Blackwell
- 4. G.R. Madan and Amit Agarwal (2017): Sociology of Change And Development, Vivek Prakashan
- 5. Yogendra Singh (1996): Modernization Of Indian Traditions, Rawat Publications, New Delhi
- 6. M.N. Srinivas (1995): Social Change in Modern India, Orient BlackSwan, Hyderabad.

Paper - DSE503 (B): SOCIAL STRATIFICATION AND SOCIAL MOBILITY

(Discipline Specific Elective)

1. Social Differentiation and Social Stratification

- a) Attributes and Dimensions of Social Stratification
- b) Perspectives and Concepts in the study of Social Stratification and Social Mobility
- c) Social inequality in historical and contemporary contexts Indices of inequality Life Chances and Life Styles.
- d) Principal types of stratification systems: Caste, Class, Estate and Gender

2. Theoretical Perspectives:

- a) Contributions of Karl Marx and Max Weber to the understanding of Social Stratification
- b) Functional theory of stratification (Davis & Moore theories)
- c) Parson's theory of stratification
- d) Lenski's theory of stratification

3. Social Stratification in Indian Context:

- (a) Caste Stratification in India. Present situation of caste in rural and urban areas.
- (b) Class Stratification in India: Emergence, Factors and Consequences

4. Interface between Social Stratification and Mobility.

- a) Relationship between social stratification and mobility.
- b) Types of Social Mobility: Vertical and Horizontal Mobility, Intra and Inter-generational Mobility, Social and Occupational Mobility, Gender and Social Mobility
- c) Factors Responsible for Mobility.

5. Reference Group Theory and Mobility

- a) Sanskritization and De-sanskritization,
- b) Modernization and Westernization
- c) Indigenization and Secularization
- d) Islamization in India
- e) Social Mobility Trends in Rural and Urban India, Constraints to Mobility in India

- 1. Gupta Dipankar (1997): Social Stratification, Oxford University Press
- 2. Yogendra Singh (1997): Social Stratification and Change in India, Manohar Publishers and Distributors
- 3. K. L. Sharma (2006): Social Stratification and Mobility, Rawat Publications, New Delhi/Jaipur
- 4. Sharma (2010): Perspectives on Social Stratification, Rawat Publications, New Delhi/Jaipur
- 5. André Béteille (2012): Caste, Class and Power: Changing Patterns of Stratification in A Tanjore Village, OUP
- 6. Ishwar Modi (2009): Themes in Social Stratification and Mobility, Rawat Publications, New Delhi/Jaipur

Paper – DSE503 (C): SOCIAL ANTHROPOLOGY

(Discipline Specific Elective)

1. Social Anthropology

- a) Definition, Meaning, and Scope of Anthropology. Relationship of Anthropology with Sociology and its Branches
- b) Meaning and Definition of Tribes
 - i. Characteristics of Tribal Society
 - ii. Distribution of Tribes in India Geographical, Racial, Linguistics

2. Culture

- a) Concept, Definition and Characteristic of culture
- b) Cultural Traits, Ethos and Cultural Processes: Fission, Diffusion, Acculturation, Enculturation, Assimilation.
- c) Cultural Theories: British, American and Chicago School of thoughts

3. Social Institutions

- a) Family and Marriage: Definitions, Characteristics and Typologies
- b) Kinship: Structure, Types and Usages.
- c) Clan, Moiety, Phratry, Lineage, Descent

4. Tribal Economy, Polity and Religion

- a) Characteristics and Forms of Tribal Economy: formalist, Substantivist and Market Exchange
- b) Tribal Religion: Animism, Animatism, Totemism, Naturism, Shamanism, Structural-Functionalism Functions of Religion
- c) Religion and Magic: James Frazer, Raymond Firth

5. Tribal Problems, Law and Justice

- a) Tribal Law and Justice
- b) Exploitation of Tribes
- c) Land alienation and Displacement
- d) Problems of Health and Nutrition
- e) Constitutional Provisions for Scheduled Tribes
- f) Tribal Development in India

- 1. D. N. Majumdar (2010): An Introduction to Social Anthropology, Asia Publication House
- 2. S.L. Doshi (2001): Social Anthropology, Rawat Publications, New Delhi/Jaipur
- 3. Deliege R (2011): Anthropology of the Family and Kinship, Prentice Hall India Learning Private Limited
- 4. Nadeem Hasnain (2012): Indian Anthropology, (ISBN-13: 978-8185799629)
- 5. E E Evans-Pritchard (2018): Social Anthropology, Forgotten Books (Reprint)
- 6. Naresh Kumar Vaid (2014): In Search of Ourselves An Introduction to Social Cultural Anthropology, Palaka Prakashan
- 7. V.S. Upadhaya & Gaya Pandey (2002): History of Anthropological Thought, Concept Publishing Company
- 8. Nadeem Hasnain (2001): Tribal India, ISBN-13: 978-8185799612
- 9. Roy Indrani Basu (2010): Anthropology The Study of Man, S Chand, New Delhi
- 10. Makhan Jha (2003): An Introduction to Social Anthropology, Vikas Publishing House, New Delhi

Paper – PR (A): Project Work

- 1. Selection of Research Area
- 2. Choosing suitable Supervisor
- 3. Finalization of Topic of the Research
- 4. Preparation of a Brief Project Proposal
- 5. Setting of Objectives and Hypothesis or Research Questions
- 6. Designing the Research Methodology
- 7. Data Collection, Analysis and Interpretation
- 8. Report Writing
- 9. Submission of the Project
- 10. Viva-Voice Examination

References:

David Evans et al (2014): How to Write a Better Thesis, Springer, Berlin.

Janathan Anderson, Berry H. Durston and Millicent Poole (1971): Thesis and Assignment Writing, Wiley Eastern Private Limited, New Delhi

Kakali Bhattacharya (2017): Fundamentals of Qualitative Research, Routledge, London

Kate Turabian (2018): A Manual for Writers of Research Papers, Theses, and Dissertations, University of Chicago Press, Chicago (9th Edition)

Linda Dale Bloomberg & Marie F. Volpe (2018): Completing Your Qualitative Dissertation: A Road Map from Beginning to End, Sage Publications, New Delhi.

Umberto Eco et al (2015): How to Write a Thesis, MIT Press, Cambridge/Massachusetts

Paper – PR (B): GENDER AND SOCIETY

1. Gender in Sociological Analysis

- a) Gender as Social Construction
- b) Approaches to the Study of Gender
- c) Models of Gendered Socialization
- d) Cultural Symbolism and Gender Roles

2. Social Structure and Gender Inequality

- a) Patriarchy and Matriarchy
- b) Division of Labour: Production and Reproduction
- c) Family, Work and Property

Theories and Perspectives of Feminism

- a) Liberal Feminism
- b) Marxist / Radical Feminism
- c) Socialist Feminism
- d) Post-Modern Feminism

3. Gender and Development

- a) Indicators of Women Status: Demographic, Social, Economic, Educational and Workforce
- b) Women Empowerment in India: Schemes, Polices, Strategies and Programmes
- c) Voluntary Sector and Women Development

4. The Politics of Gender:

- a) Women's Movements in Pre-Independence and Post-Independence India
- b) Current Women's Movements
- c) Displacement and Eco-Feminism
- d) Women Reservation as Socio-Political Issue

References:

Rajesh Makol (2018): Gender School and Society, Rajesh Makol Publishers

S. Duncan & Rosalind Edwards (1997): Single Mothers in International Context, Routledge Sally Hines & Tam Sanger (2010): Transgender Identities: Towards a Social Analysis of Gender Diversity, Routledge

Judith Butler (2018): Gender Trouble: Feminism and the Subversion of Identity, Tantor Audio Linda Babcock (2012): Women Don't Ask: Negotiation and the Gender Divide, Audible Studios Christina Hoff Sommers (1995): Who Stole Feminism?: How Women Have Betrayed Women, Simon & Schuster Publications

Camille Paglia (2018): Free Women, Free Men: Sex, Gender, Feminism, Canongate Canons

Paper – DSE603 (A): INDUSTRIAL SOCIOLOGY

(Discipline Specific Elective)

1. Introduction to Industrial Sociology

- a) Definition, Nature and Scope of Industrial Sociology
- b) Growth of Industrialisation, Industrial Revolution and its Impact on Society, Changing Structure of Modern Industrial Enterprises, Principles of Organisation- Formal and Informal

2. Sociological Theories related to Industry and Society:

- a) Classical theories: Adam Smith, Karl Marx, Max Weber and Durkheim
- b) Modern Sociological Theories: Scientific Management Theory of F.W. Taylor Elton Mayo's Human Relations Approach Harry Braverman's Labour and Monopoly Capital Maslow theory of Industrial Management.

3. Trade Union Movement in India:

- a) Structure and Functions of Trade Unions
- b) Workers Participation in Management and Collective Bargaining

4. Industrial Disputes and Settlements:

- a) Causes and Consequences of Industrial Disputes
- b) Strikes, Lockouts, Layoff, Negotiation, Conciliation, Arbitration and Adjudication
- c) Industrial Dispute Act

5. Labour Problems:

- a) Absenteeism. Alcoholism, and Alienation; Labour Welfare Schemes;
- b) ILO- Fundamental Principles and Major activities
- c) Commitment and Motivation of Workers
 - i. Incentives, Wages, Bonus and other Benefits like compensation and maternity benefits
 - ii. Compensation legislation Act (1923)- Main Provisions
 - iii. Impact of Globalisation on Industry and labour

- 1. Bhatnagar Mahesh (2012): Industrial Sociology, S.Chand Publications, New Delhi
- 2. Yogendra Singh, Sapna Mathur & Richa Sharma (2016): Industrial Sociology, AITBS Publications
- 3. Rajan Mishra (2016): Industrial Sociology, Laxmi Publications
- 4. Dhameja (2012): Industrial Sociology, S.K. Kataria & Sons;
- 5. Narendar Singh (2012): Industrial Sociology, McGraw Hill Education
- 6. Sivarethinamohma R. (2010): Industrial Relations and Labour Welfare: Text and Cases, Prentice Hall India Learning Private Limited
- 7. Lari Osama (2013): Industrial Sociology: A Comprehensive Approach, CBS Publishers & Distributors

Paper - DSE603 (B): POLITICAL SOCIOLOGY

(Discipline Specific Elective)

1. Introduction to Political Science

- a) Meaning, Nature and Scope of Political Sociology
- b) Approaches to the Study of Politics
- c) Political Systems, Political Processes and Political Socialization

2. Basic Concepts:

- a) Power and Authority
- b) Consensus and Conflict
- c) Elites and Pressure Groups
- d) State and Stateless Societies

3. State and Society

- a) State and the Power, Class Structure, Hegemony
- b) Civil Society, Welfare State, Nation-State
- c) State and Society under capitalism and Socialism
- d) Power, Institutional Autonomy and State Control
- e) Ideology and Consensus

4. Voting Behaviour

- b) Political Parties, Ideology and Voting Behaviour
- c) Patterns and Factors of Voting Behaviour
- d) Impact of Caste, Class, Ethnicity, Religion and Region in Electioneering

5. Local Structures of Power:

- a) Varieties of Local Power Structure
- b) Panchayat Raj System and Decentralization of power
- c) Political Reservations, Participation of Weaker Sections in Politics and Social Change

References:

A. Ashraf (1983): Political Sociology: A New Grammar of Politics, Universities Press

Keith Faulks (2011): Political Sociology: A Critical Introduction, Rawat Publications, Jaipur.

Pradip Basu (2015): Political Sociology, Setu Prakhashani, Kolkata

Chakraborty Satyabrata (2016): Political Sociology, Trinity

Roy Shefali (2014): Society and Politics in India Understanding Political Sociology, PHI

Anand Kumar (2013): Readings in Indian Sociology - Political Sociology of India, Sage, Delhi

Samir Dasgupta (2011): Political Sociology, Pearson Education India, Delhi

Paper – DSE603 (C): MEDICAL SOCIOLOGY

(Discipline Specific Elective)

1. Health and Society

- a) The emerging relationship between Medicine and Sociology
- b) Social Perspective of Health and Health care
- c) Medical Sociology as a profession

2. Infectious Disease and Physical Deficient Diseases

- a) Tuberculosis, Malaria
- b) Heart diseases, diabetes, obesity
- c) Malnutrition and Health

3. Social Epidemiology

- a) Cultural factors bearing on health in India
- b) Common occupational diseases and prevention of occupational diseases

4. Health Education

- a) Preventive and Protective Hygienic Habits
- b) Health Education Policy in India
- c) Population Policy in India

5. Heath and Social Problems

- a) Relevance of Sex Education
- b) Revelation of Aids and HIV
- c) Aging-Social Gerontology

References:

William C. Cockerham (2017): Medical Sociology, Routledge

M. Thamilarasan (2016): Medical Sociology, Rawat Publications, Jaipur

Malhotra Varun (2013): Handbook of Medical Sociology for Nursing, Physiotherapy and Paramedical Students, Jaypee Brothers Medical Publishers Private Limited, Hyderabad.

Niraj Pandit (2016): Sociology for Health Professionals, Wolters Kluwer India Pvt. Ltd. Mohali

Hannah Bradb (2008): Medical Sociology: An Introduction, Sage, New Delhi

B.A. (Sociology), Semester-

PAPER-DSC: Discipline Specific Course(s)

Time: 3 Hours	Max. Marks: 80
$\frac{\text{Section} - \text{A (Short Notes)}}{\text{(5 X 4 = 20 Marks)}}$	
Answer Any Five from the Following:	
1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7.	
8.	
$\frac{\text{Section} - \text{B (Essay Type Questions)}}{\text{(5 X 12 = 60 Marks)}}$ All Questions are Compulsory:	
9 (a)	
10 (a)	
11 (a)	
12 (a)	
13 (a)	

(b)

B.A. (Sociology), Semester-

PAPER – SEC: Skill Enhancement Course(s)

Time: 1 ½ Hours	Max. Marks: 40
Section – A (Short Notes) (2 X 5 = 10 Marks)	
Answer Any Two from the Following:	
1. 2. 3. 4.	
$\frac{\text{Section} - \text{B (Essay Type Questions)}}{\text{(2 X 15 = 30 Marks)}}$ All Questions are Compulsory:	
5 (a)	
6 (a)	

B.A. (Sociology), Semester-

PAPER-GE: Generic Elective

Time: 3 Hours	Max. Marks: 80
Section – A (Short Notes) (4 X 5 = 20 Marks)	
Answer Any Four from the Following:	
1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8.	
Section – B (Essay Type Questions) (4 X 15 = 60 Marks) All Questions are Compulsory:	
9 (a)	
10 (a)OR (b)	
11 (a)	
12 (a)	

B.A. (Sociology), Semester-

PAPER-DSE: Discipline Specific Elective(s)

Time: 3 Hours	Max. Marks: 80
Section – A (Short Notes) (5 X 4 = 20 Marks)	
Answer Any Five from the Following:	
1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8.	
$\frac{\text{Section} - \text{B (Essay Type Questions)}}{\text{(5 X 12 = 60 Marks)}}$ All Questions are Compulsory:	
9 (a)	
OR (b)	
10 (a)	
11 (a)	
12 (a)	
13 (a)OR	

(b)